



Pravega: Rethinking Storage for Streams

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Pravega - <http://pravega.io>

Linux Foundation CNCF – Webinar

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About the speaker

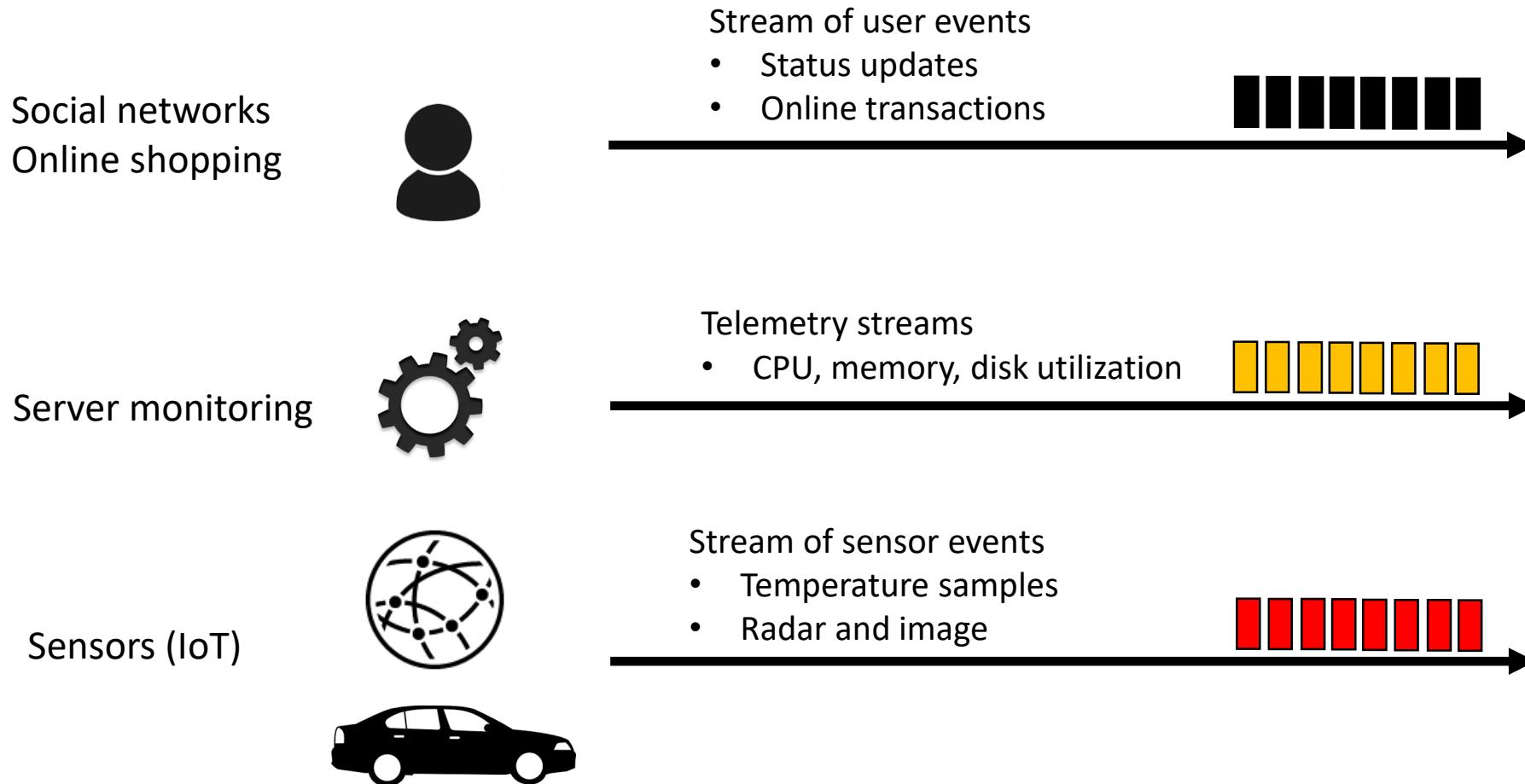
- Dell EMC
 - Senior Distinguished Engineer
- On Pravega since 2016
- Background
 - Distributed computing
 - Research: Microsoft, Yahoo!
 - Worked on various Apache projects
 - *E.g.*, Apache ZooKeeper, Apache BookKeeper
- Contact
 - Email: fpj@pravega.io
 - Twitter: @fpjunqueira



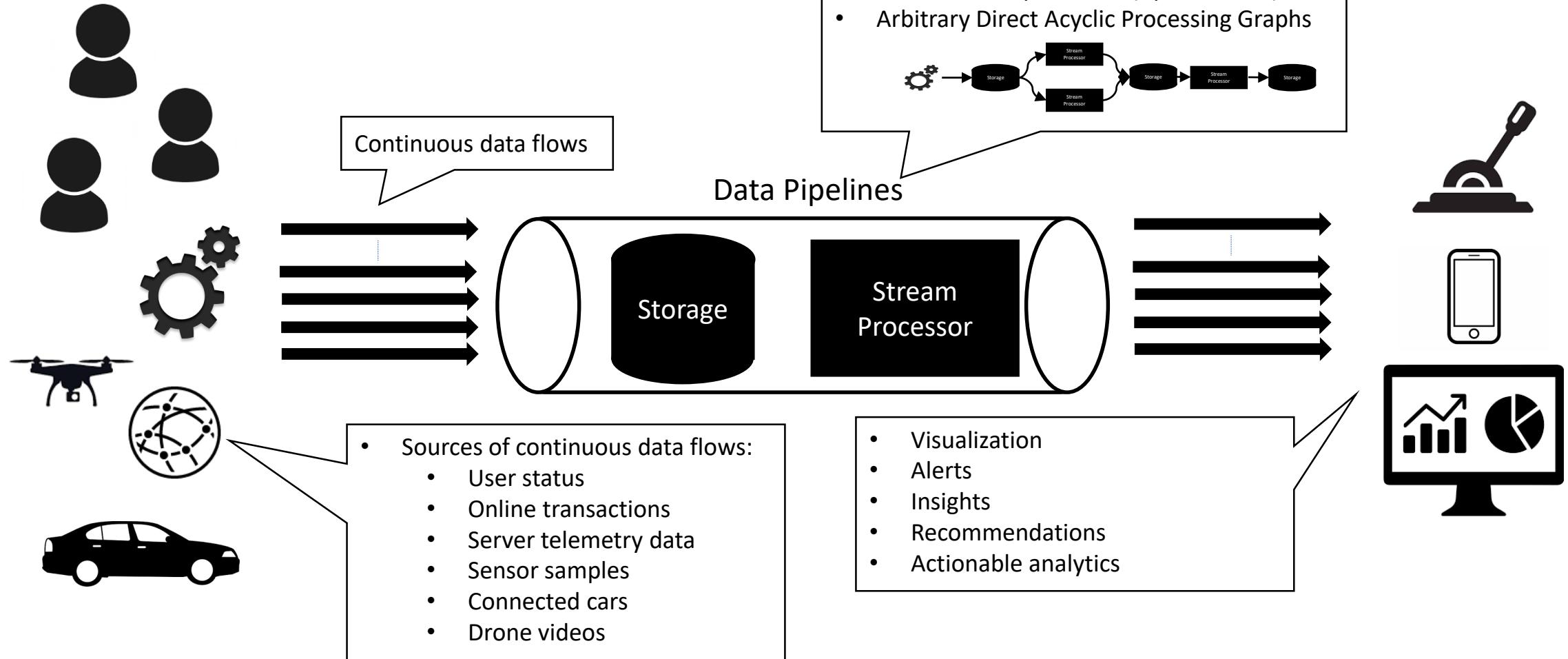


Many sources continuously generating data

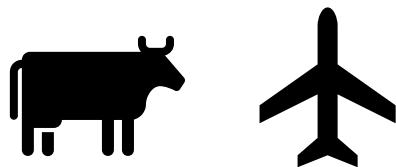
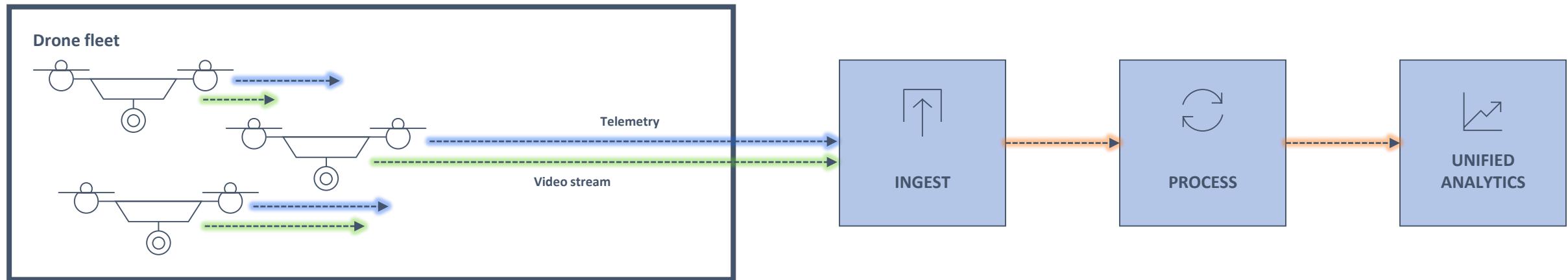
Unbounded data streams



Landscape

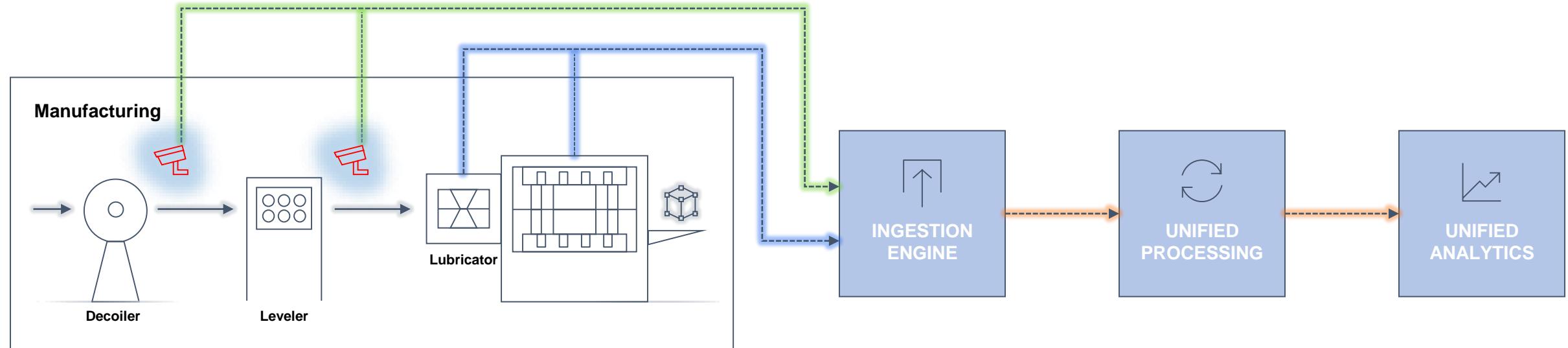


Unbounded data streams

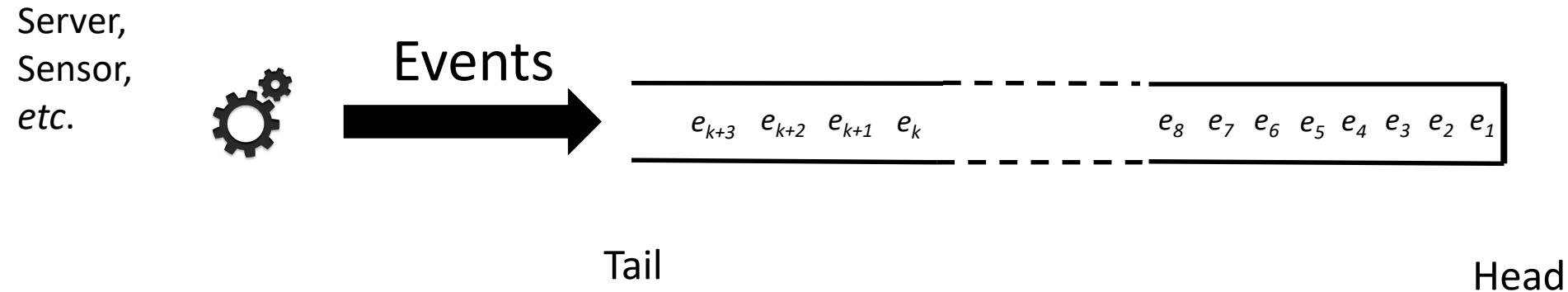


- From cattle health
- To airplane inspection between flights

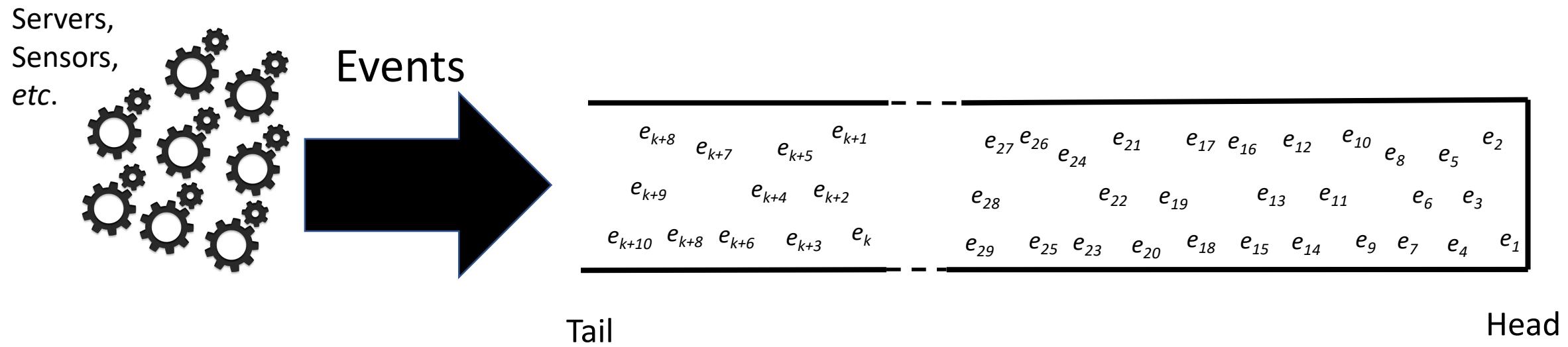
Industrial Sensor Data Anomaly Detection



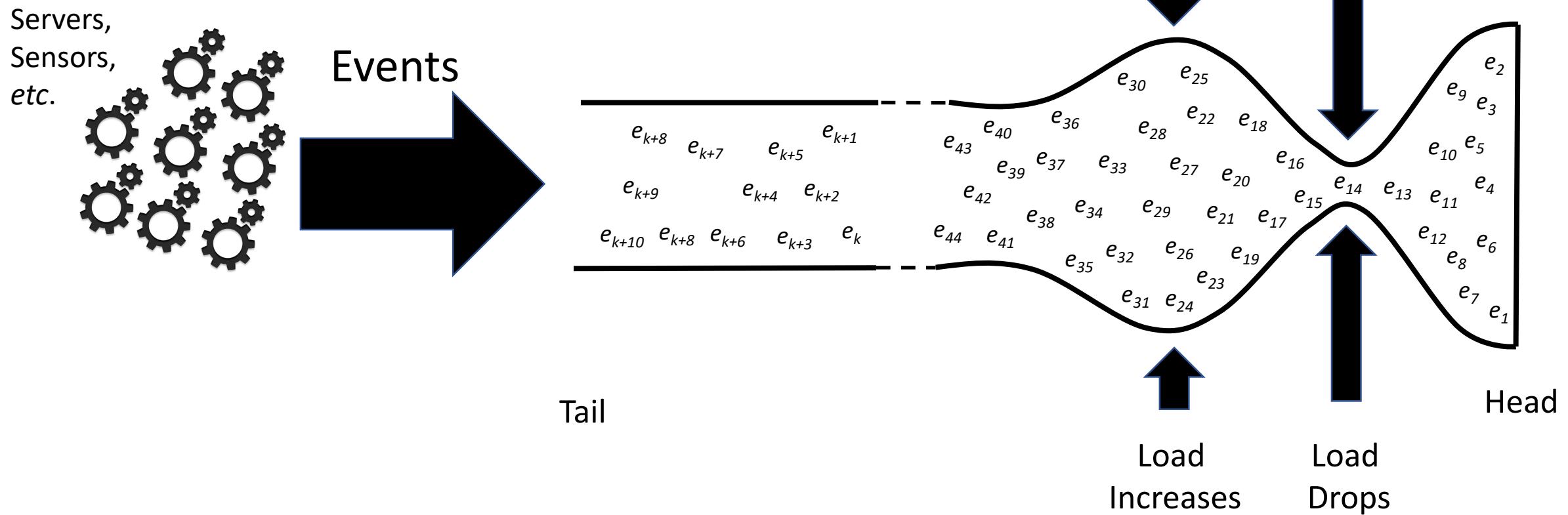
Data streams – Sequential



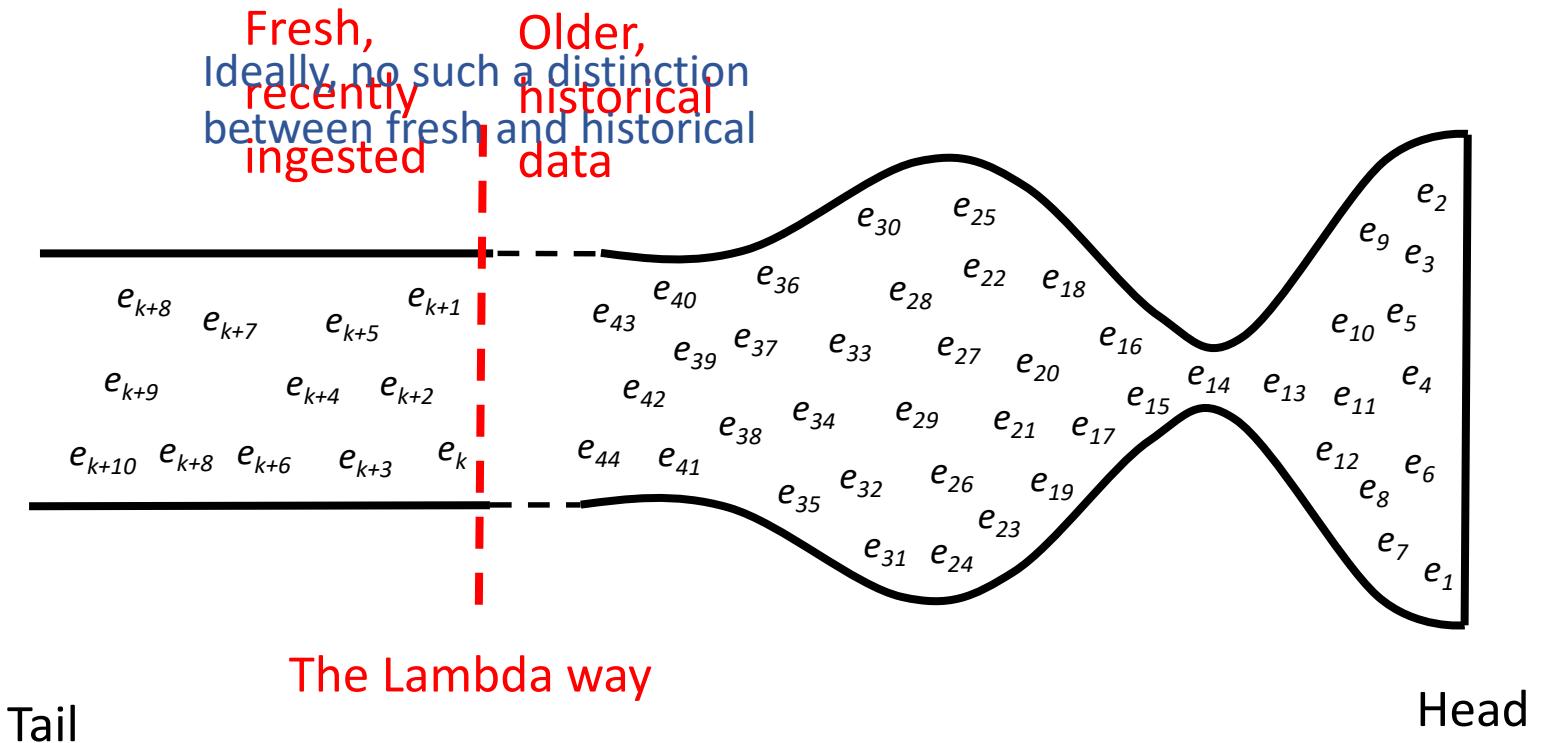
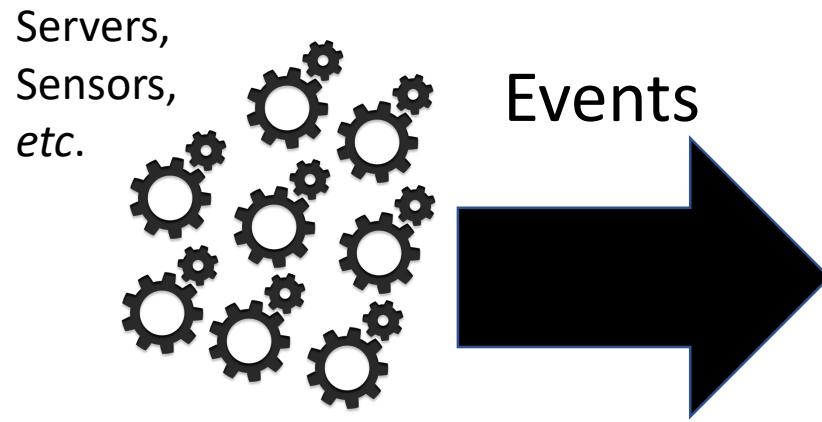
Data streams - Parallelism



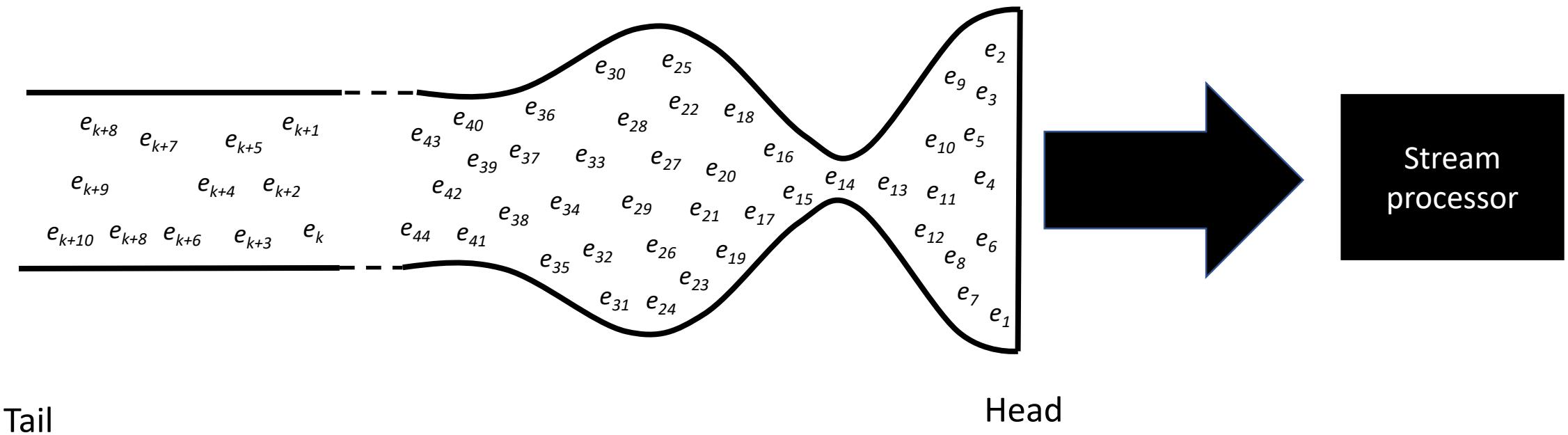
Data streams – Traffic fluctuation



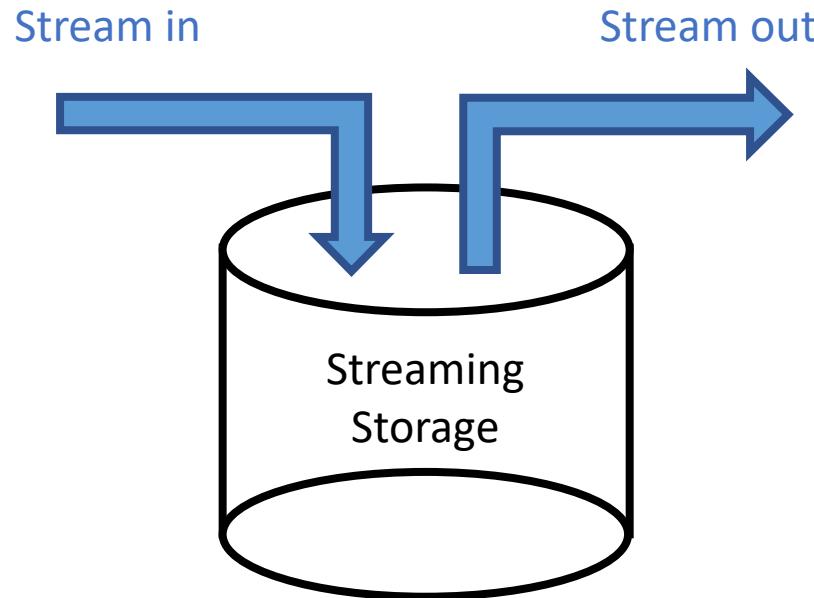
Data streams – Unbounded



Data streams – Read scalability



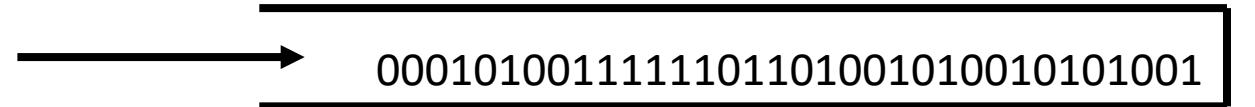
Data stream: cloud-native, storage primitive



- Unbounded data
- Elastic
- Consistent
- Tailing and historical data analytics
- **Cloud native**

Introducing Pravega

Stream Segment

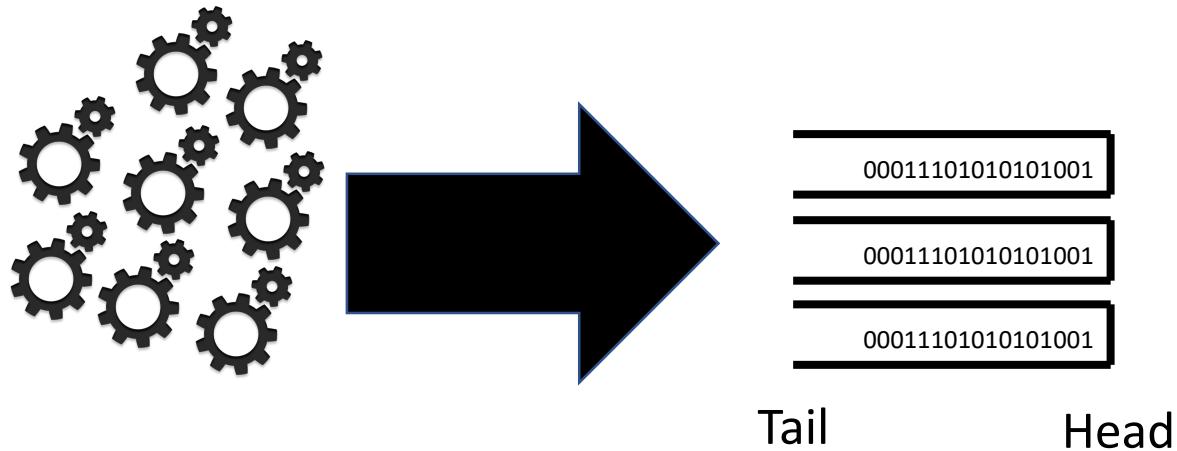


Tail

Head

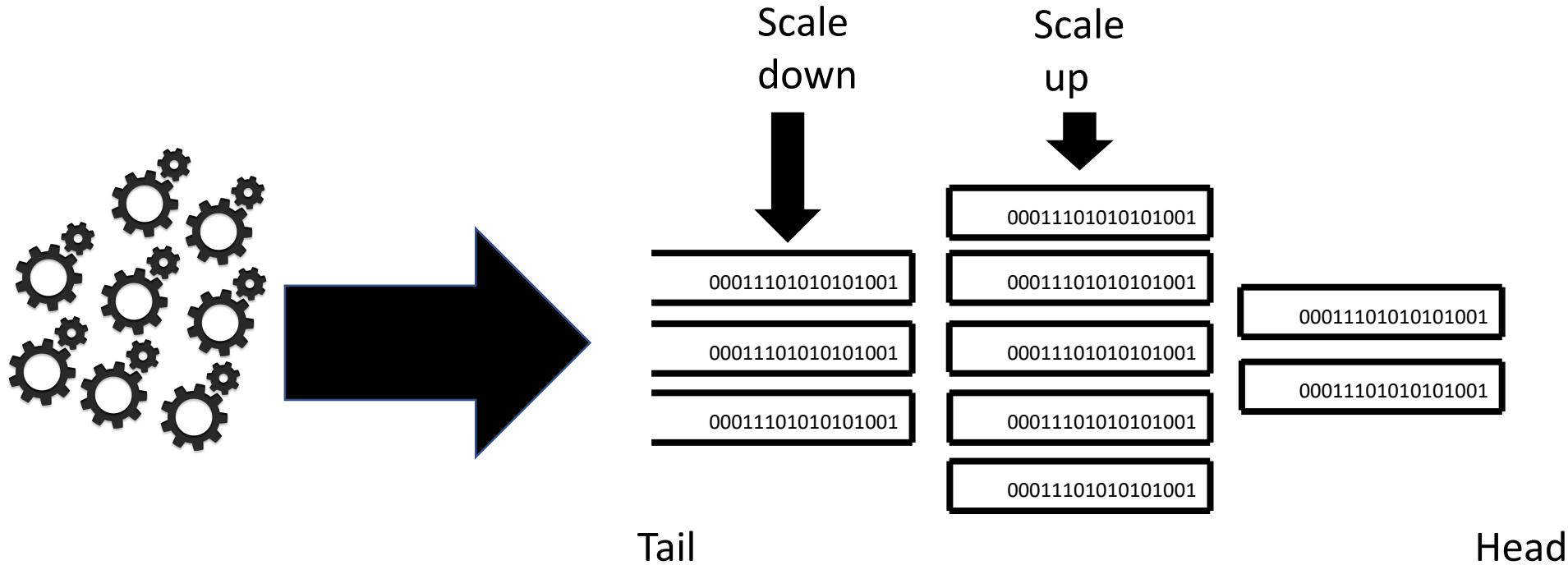
- Storage unit
- Append-only sequences of bytes
- ... bytes, not events, messages or records
- Flexible in the formats it can store
- Events: expect serializer implementation

Stream Segment – Parallelism



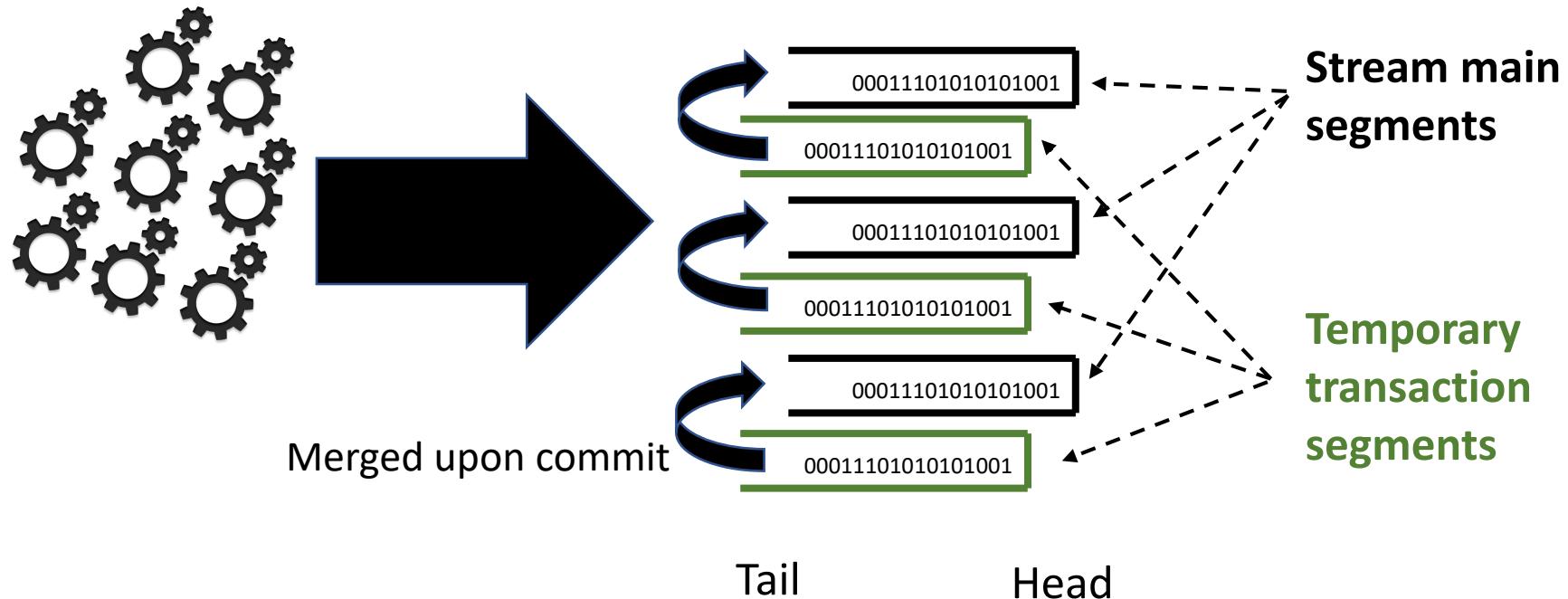
- Sources append to segments in parallel
- **Routing keys map appends to segments**

Stream Segment – Scaling

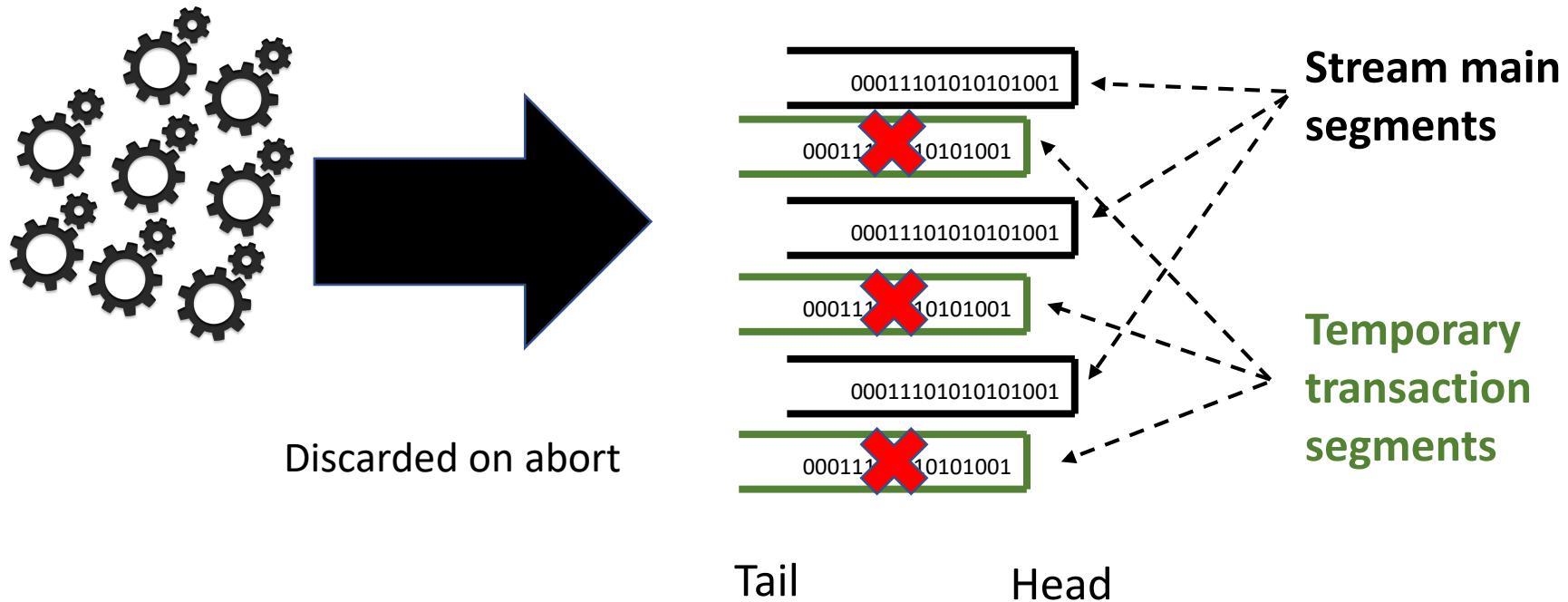


- Degree of parallelism changes dynamically
- **Auto-scaling:** reacts to workload changes

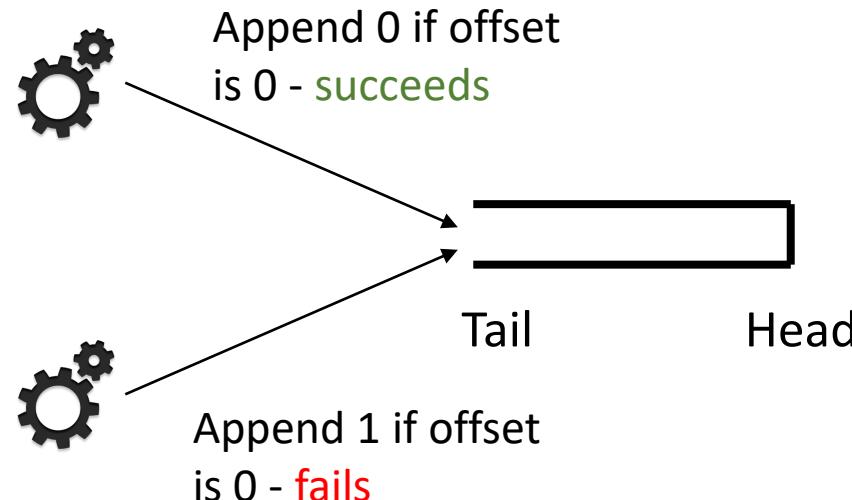
Stream Segment - Transactions



Stream Segment - Transactions



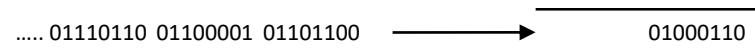
Stream Segment – Appending conditionally



- Revised streams
 - Conditional appends
 - Compare expected and current revisions
 - Revision implementation uses segment offset
- State synchronizer
 - Builds on revised streams
 - Replicated state machines
 - Optimistic concurrency

Stream scaling (a.k.a. changing the degree of parallelism)

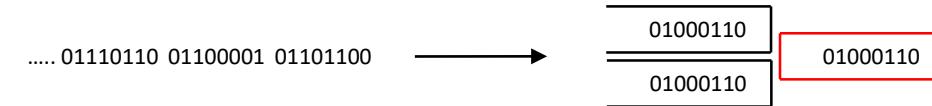
Scaling a stream



- Stream has one segment

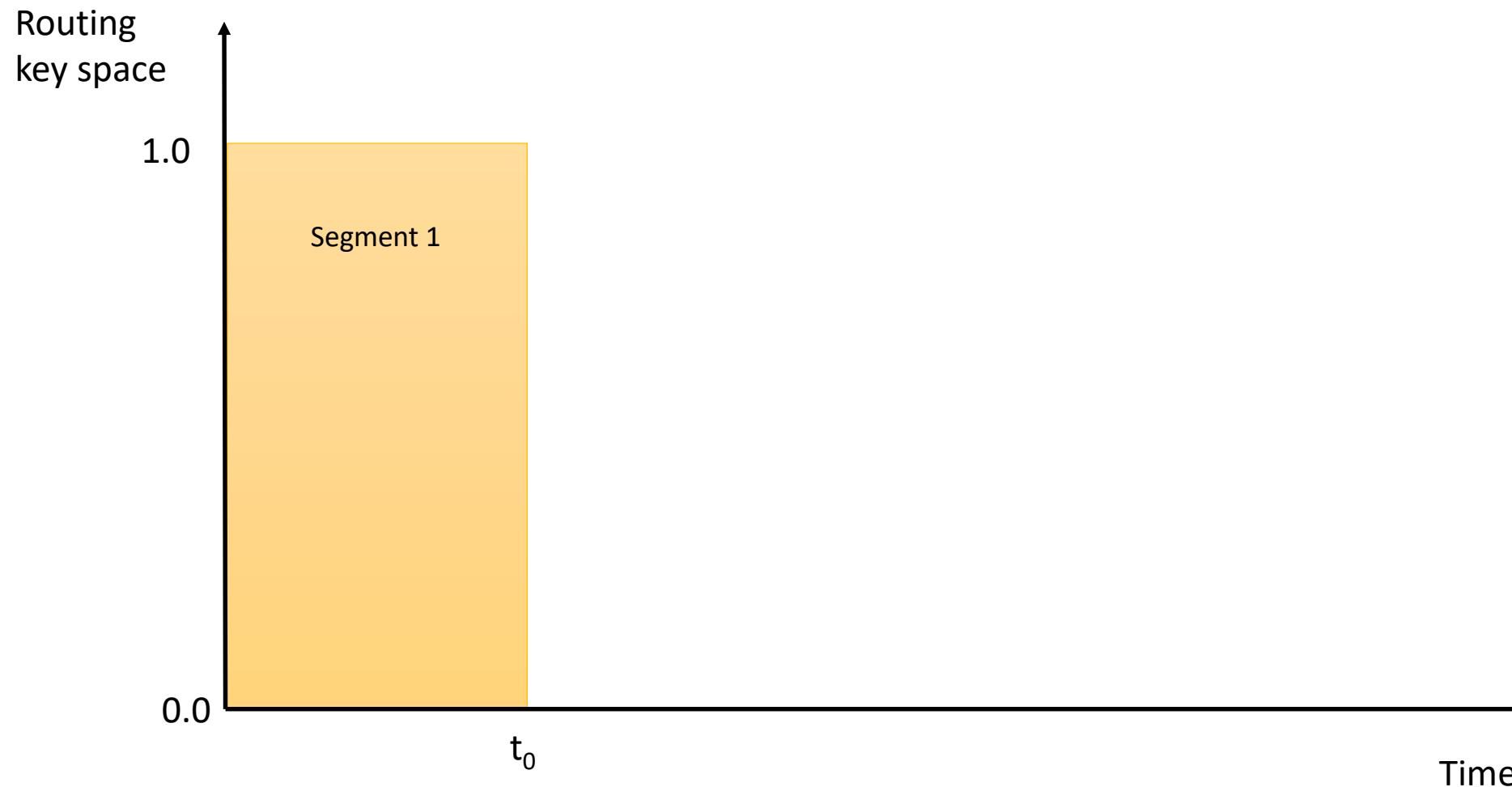
1

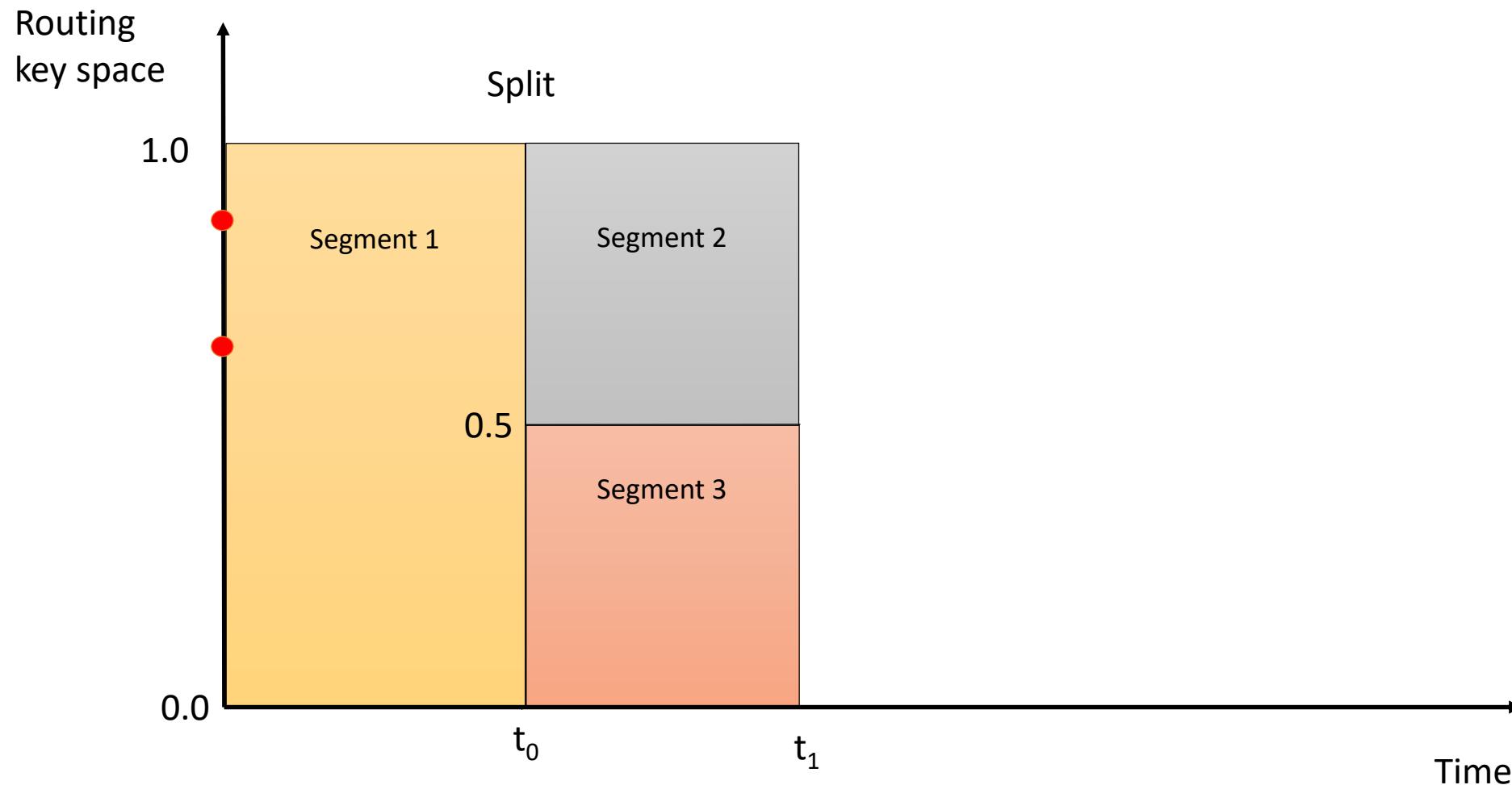
- Auto or manual scaling
- Auto scaling
 - Follows write workload
 - Say input load has increased
 - Increase the degree of parallelism
- Manual scaling
 - API call

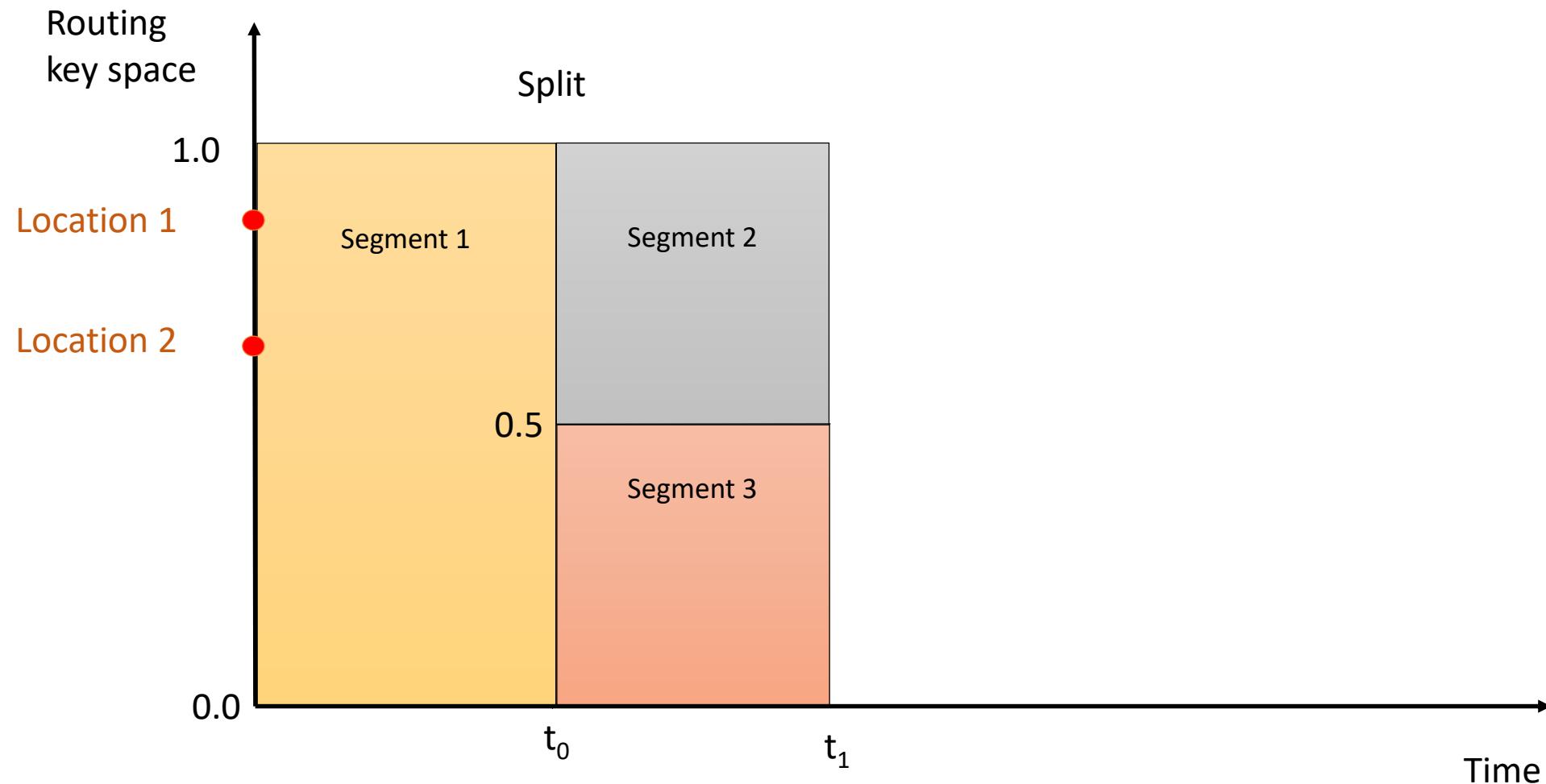


- Seal current segment
- Create new ones

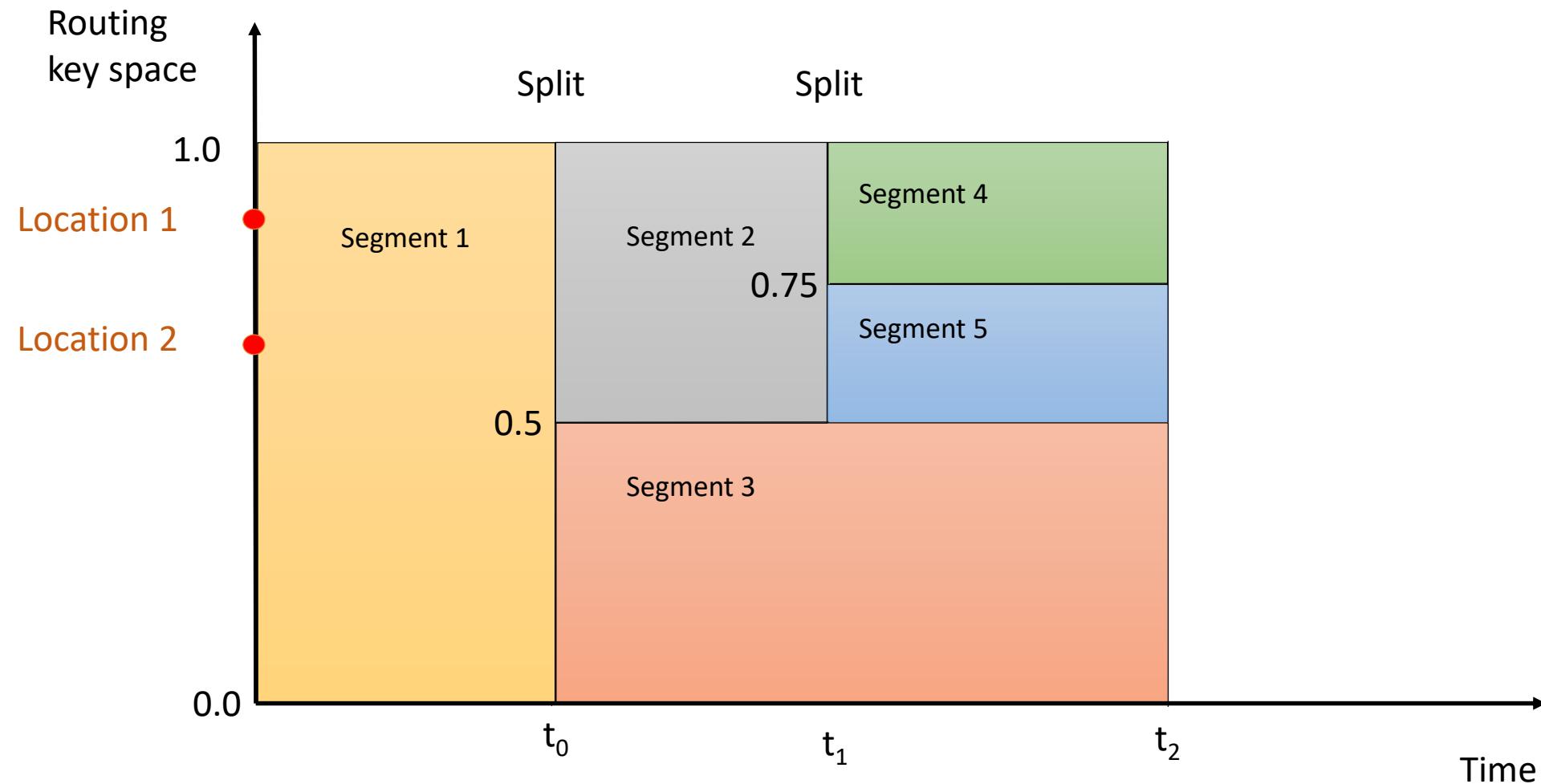
2



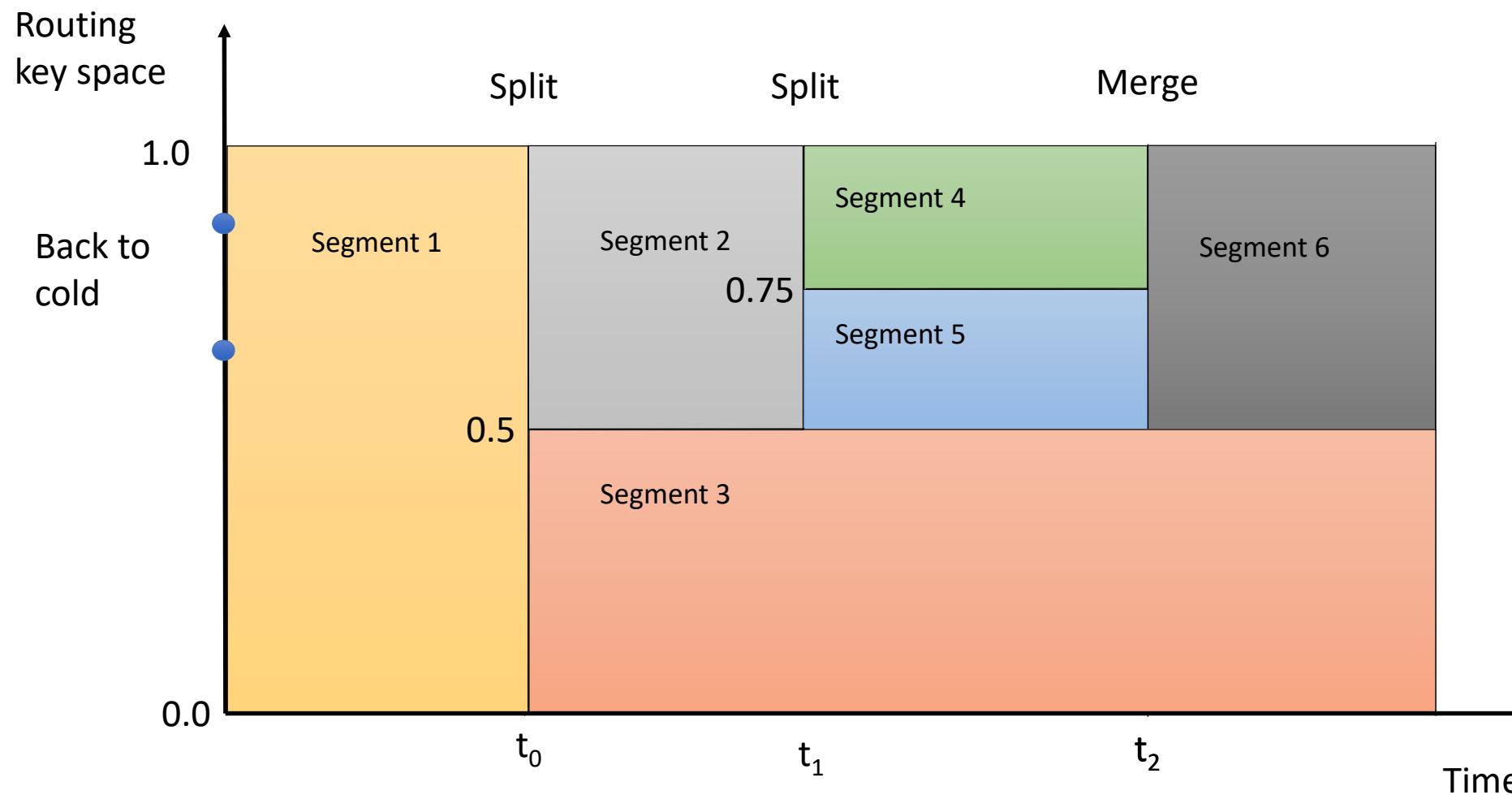




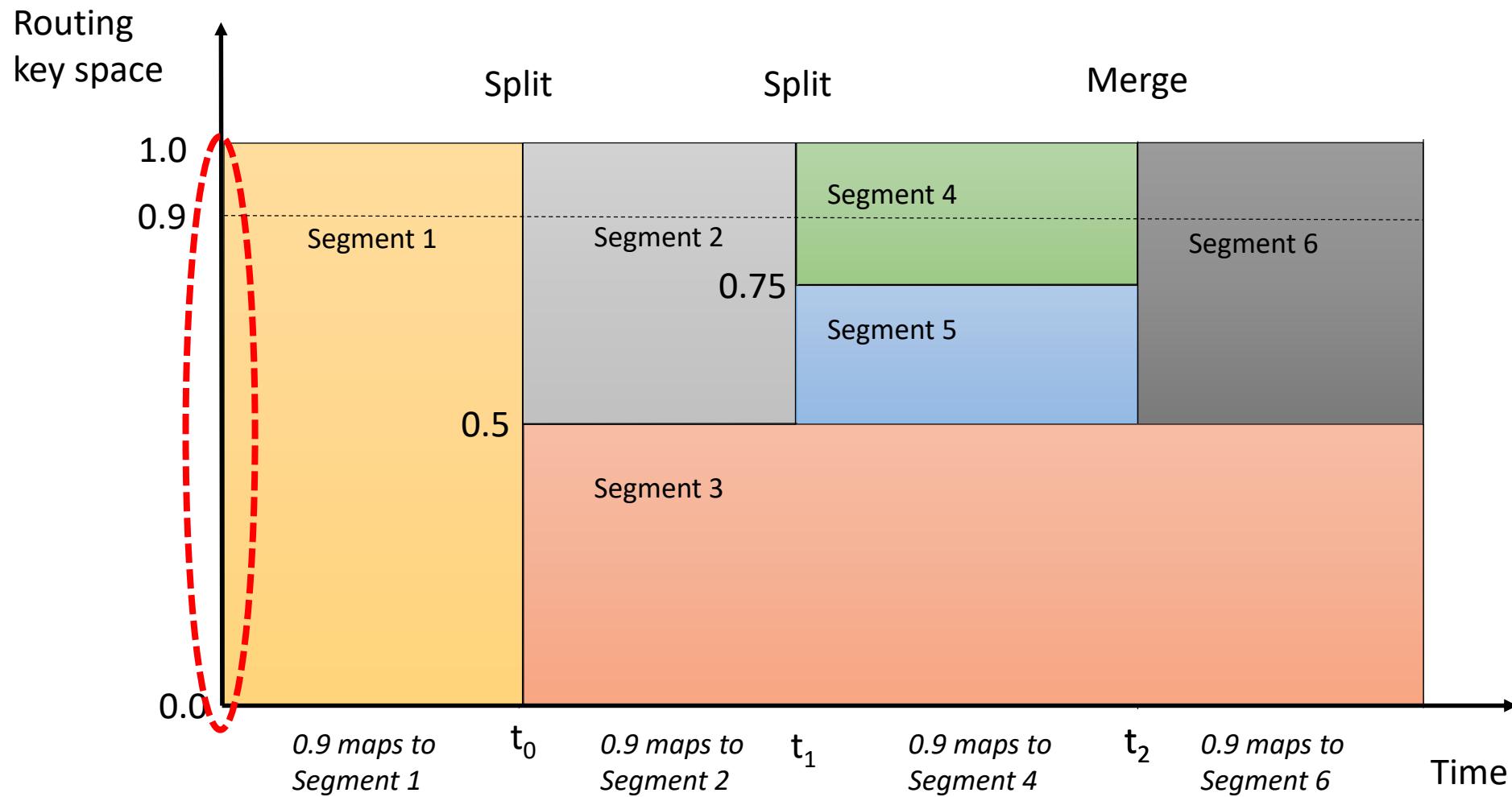
- Keys are coordinates in a geo application
- *E.g., taxi rides*



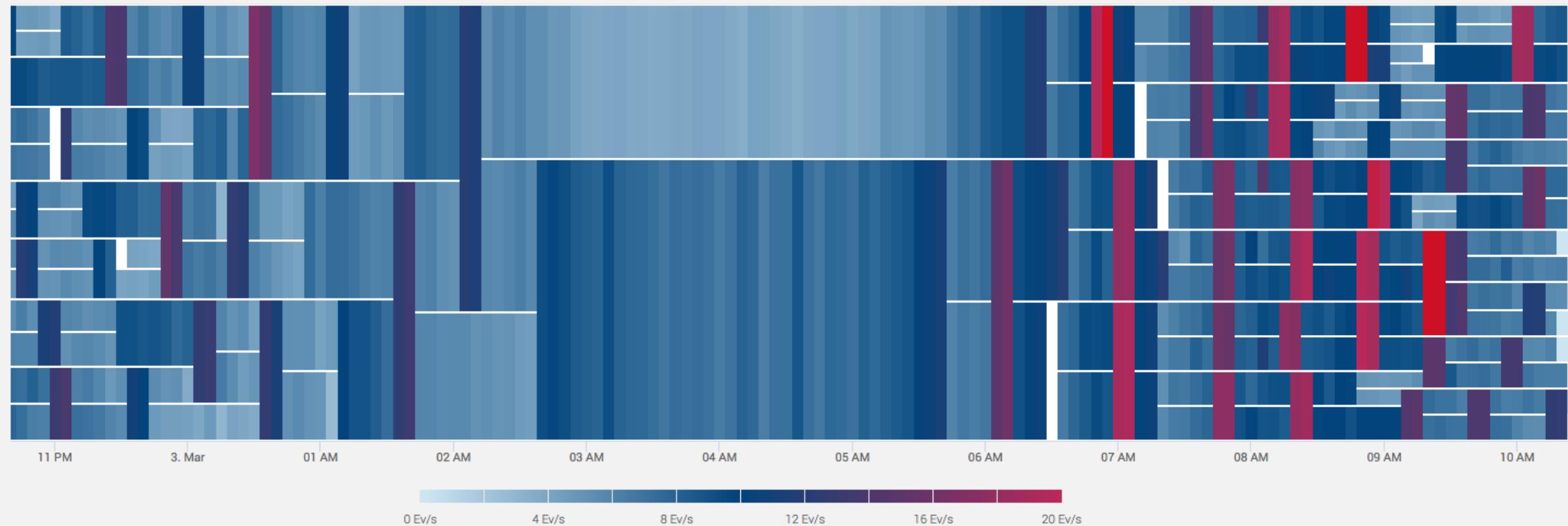
- Keys are coordinates in a geo application
- E.g., taxi rides



Key ranges are not statically assigned to segments

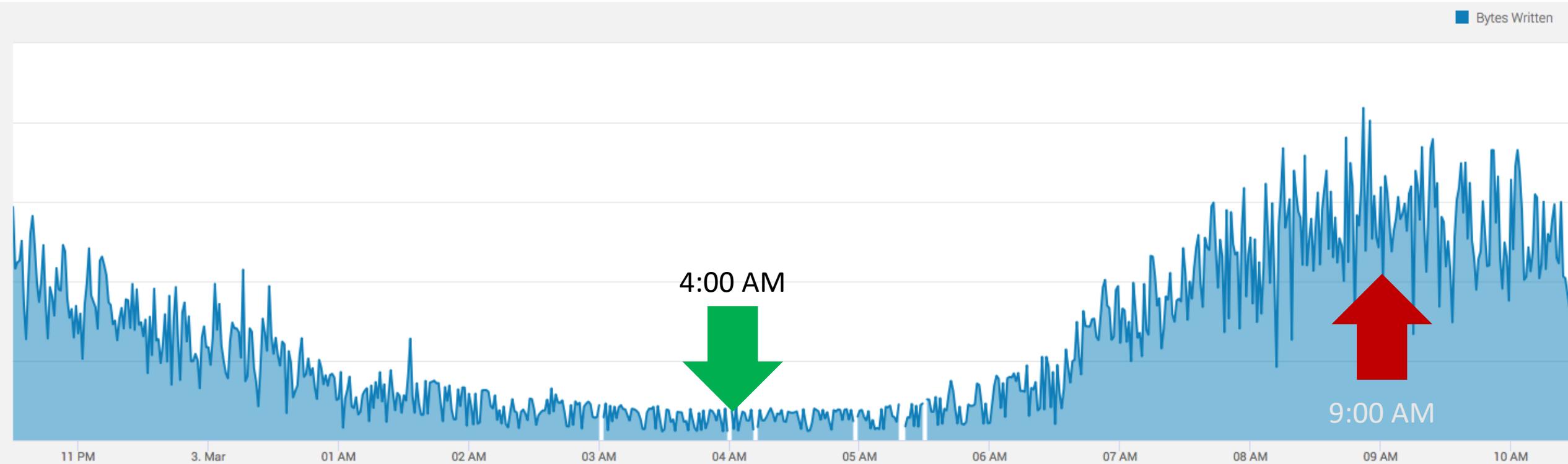


Segment Heat Map



Daily Cycles

Peak rate is 10x higher than lowest rate

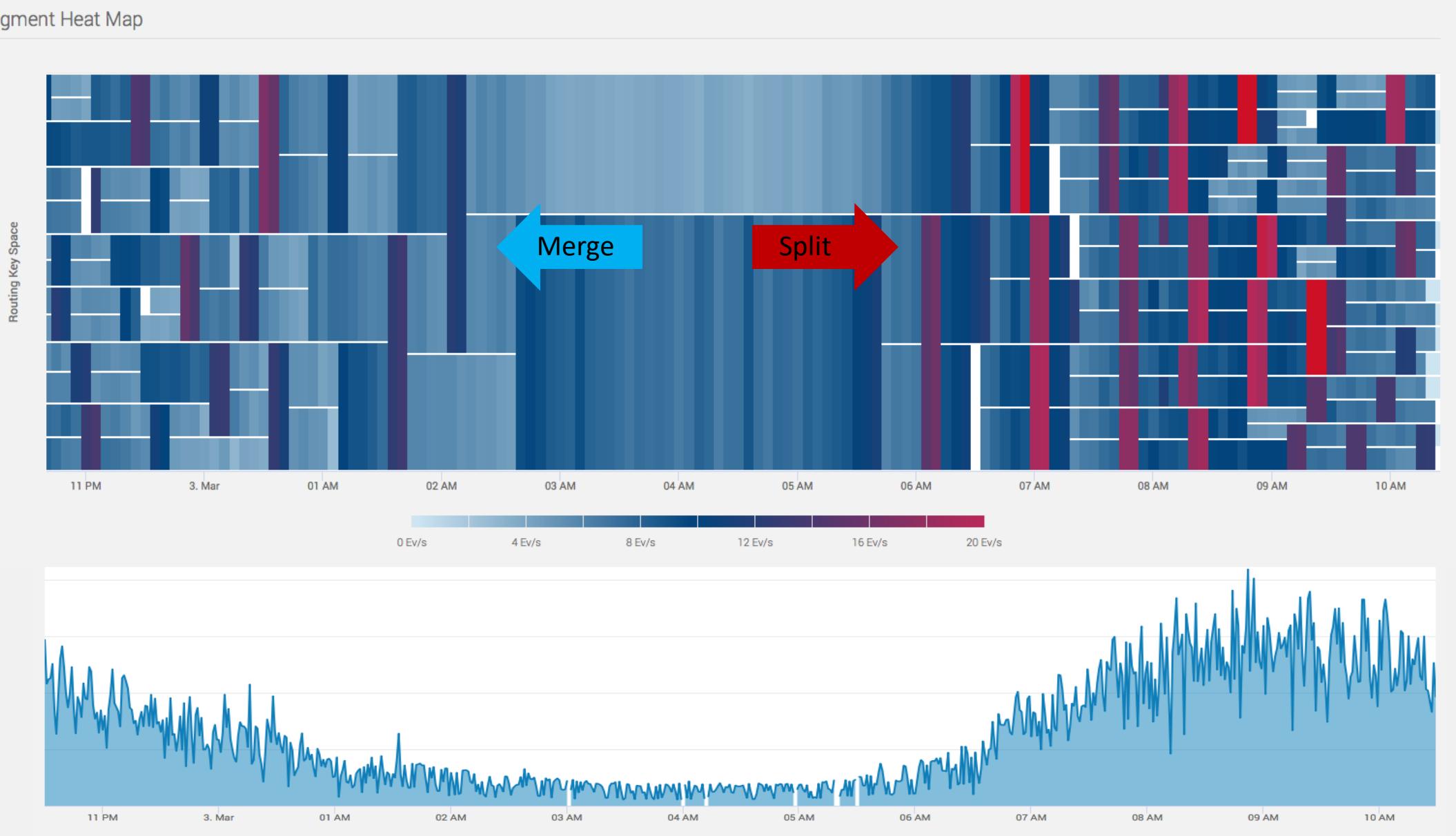


NYC Yellow Taxi Trip Records, March 2015

http://www.nyc.gov/html/tlc/html/about/trip_record_data.shtml

Pravega Auto Scaling

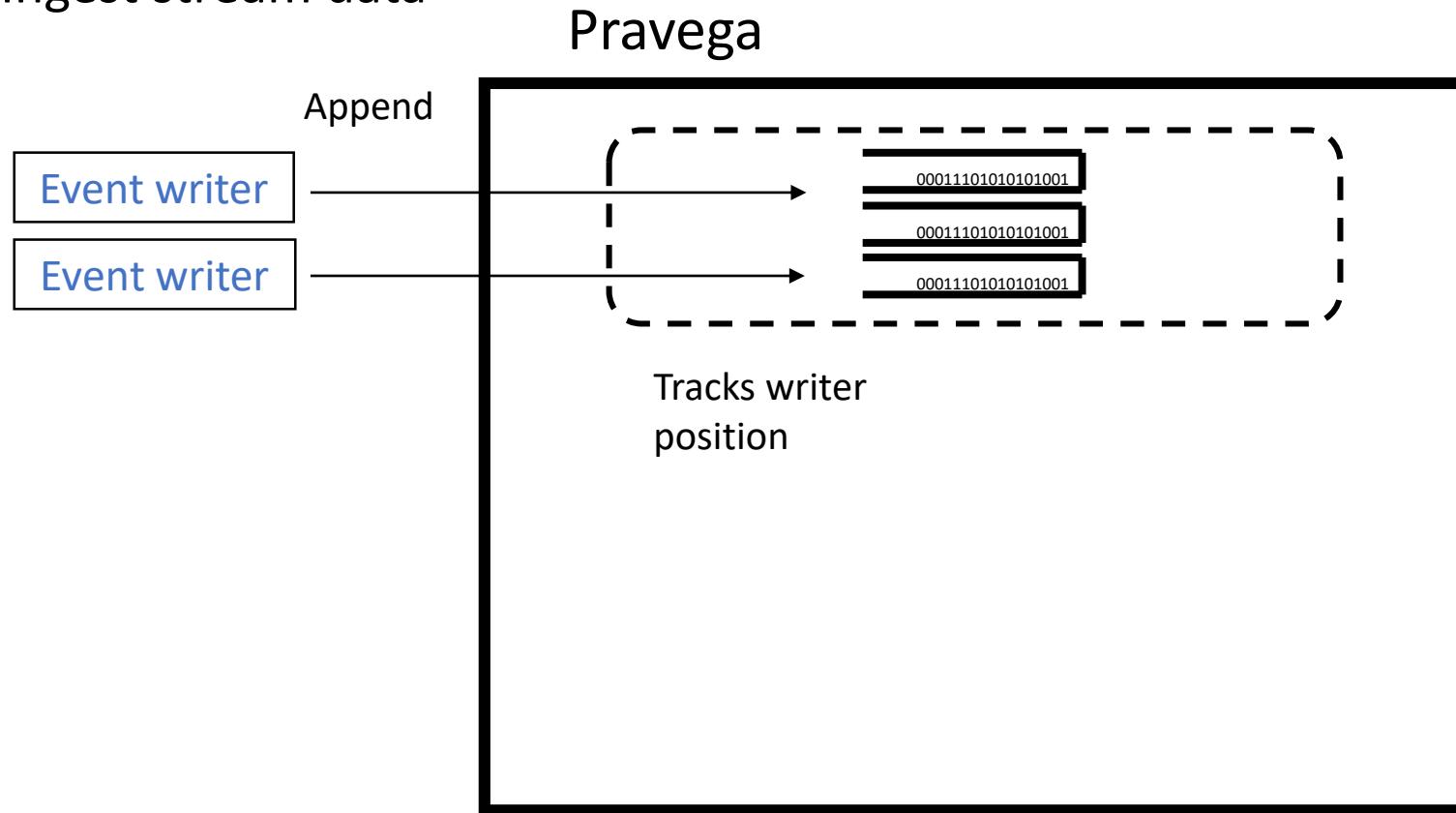
Segment Heat Map



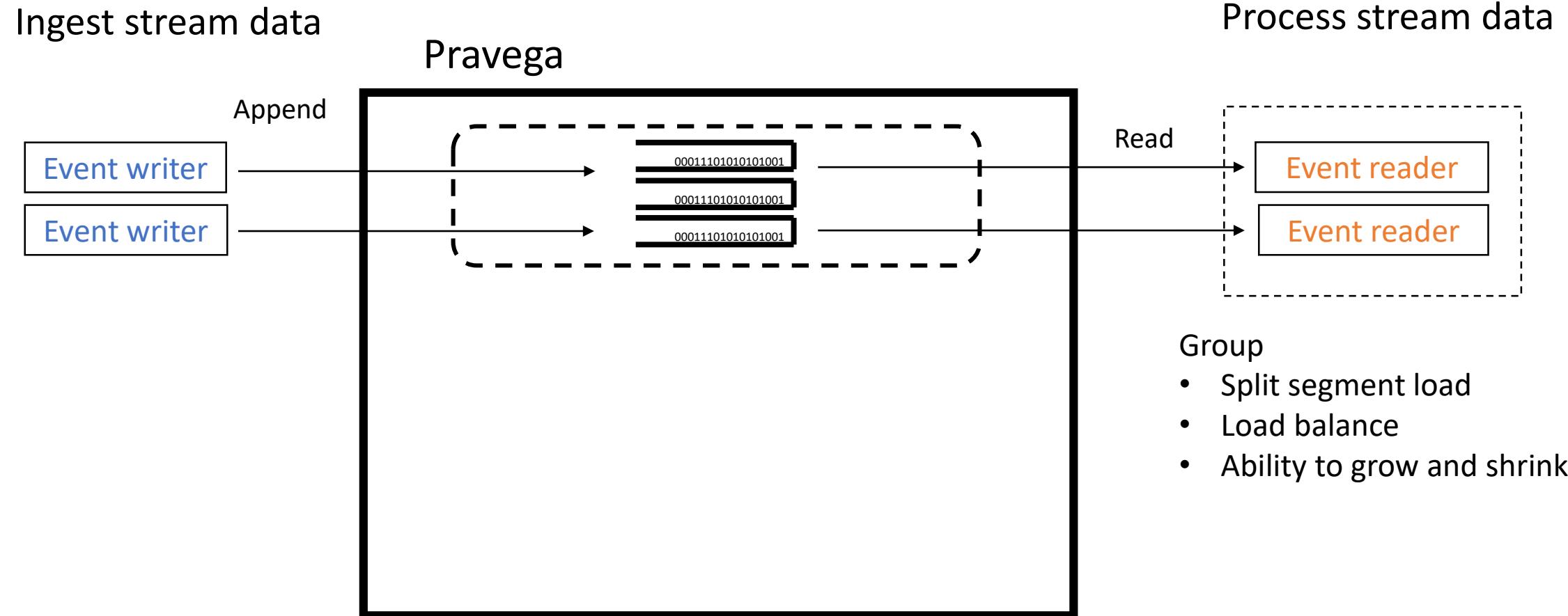
Pravega Architecture

Ingesting to a stream

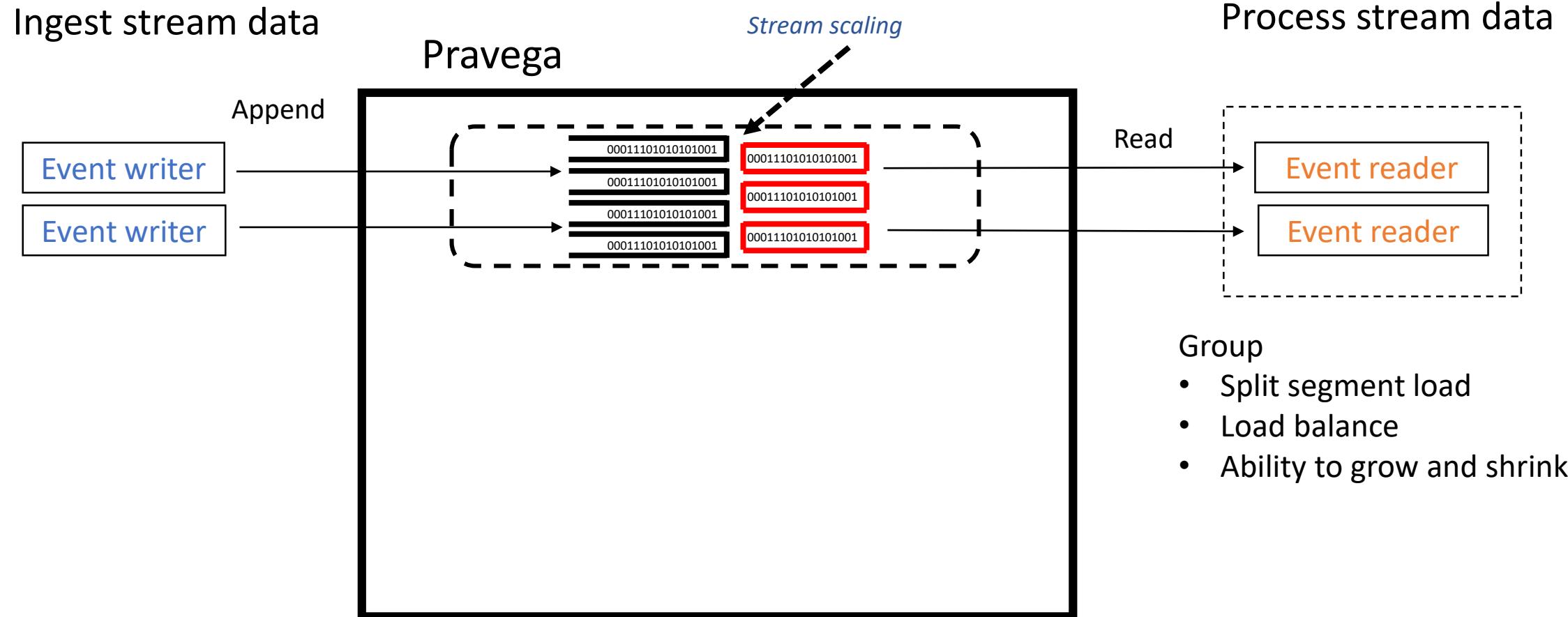
Ingest stream data



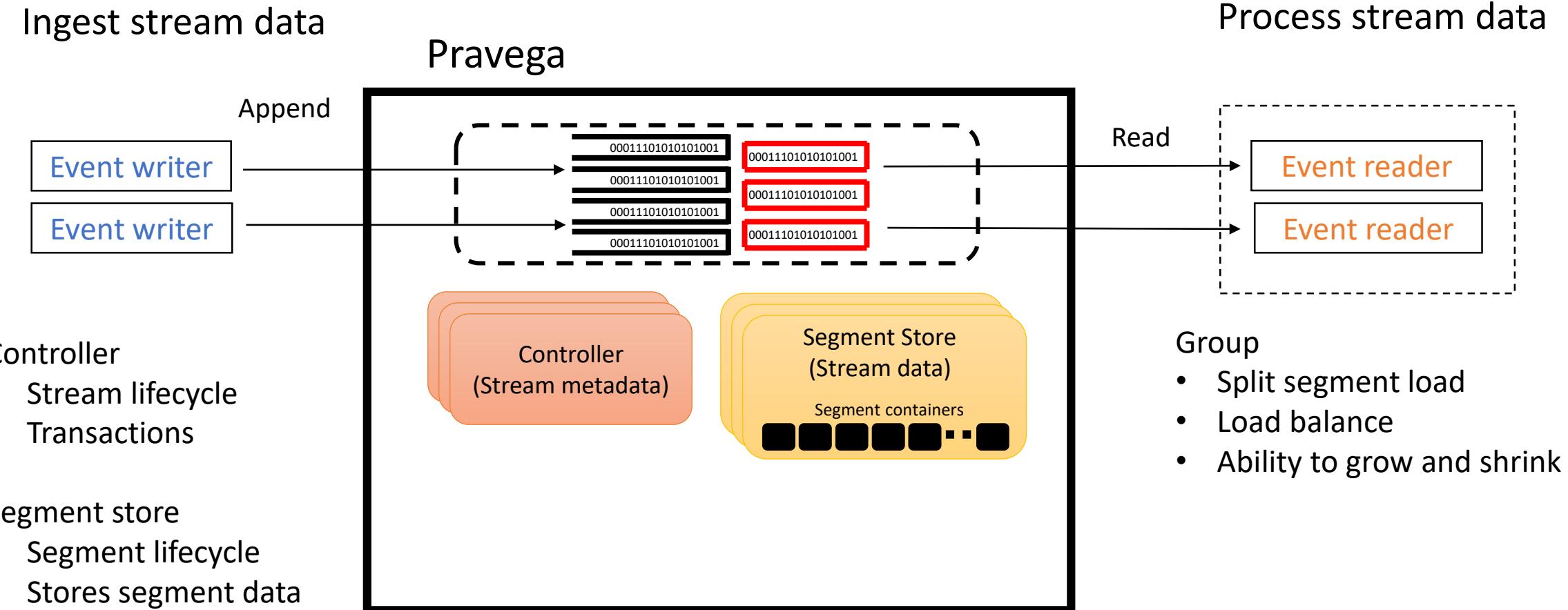
Reading from a stream



Reading from a stream

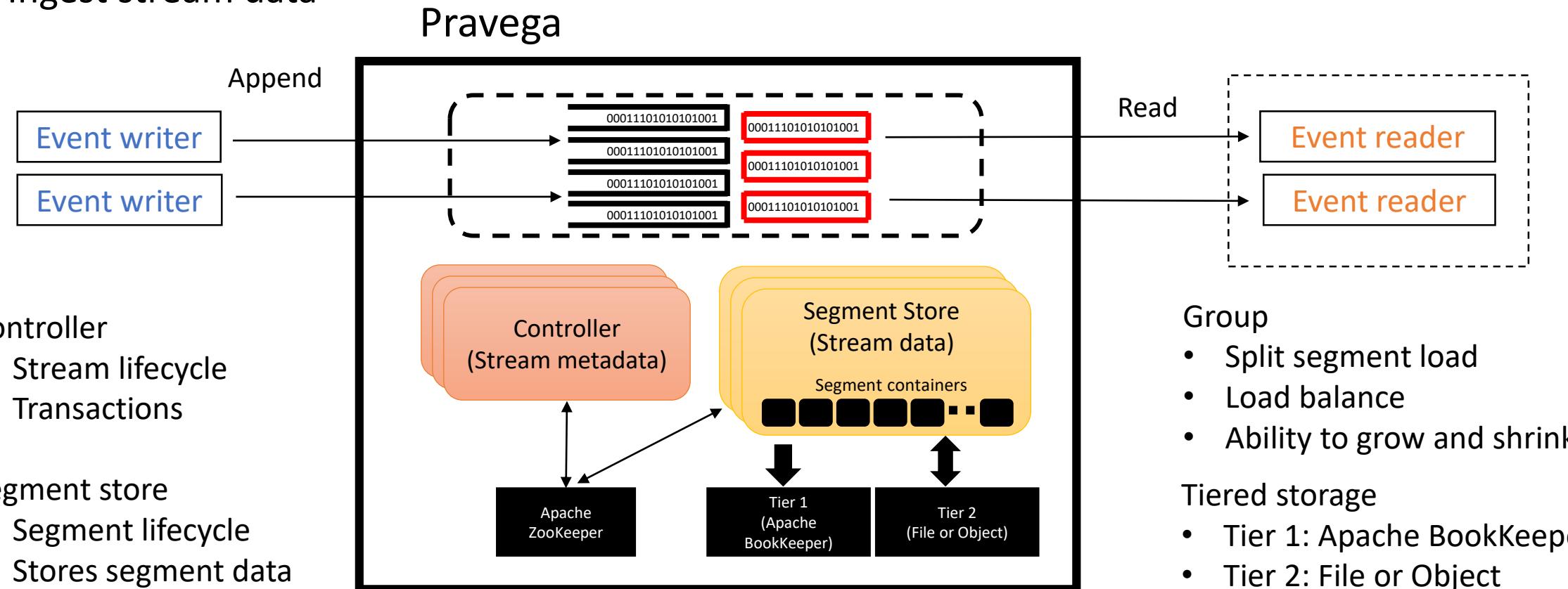


Control and data planes



Tiered storage

Ingest stream data



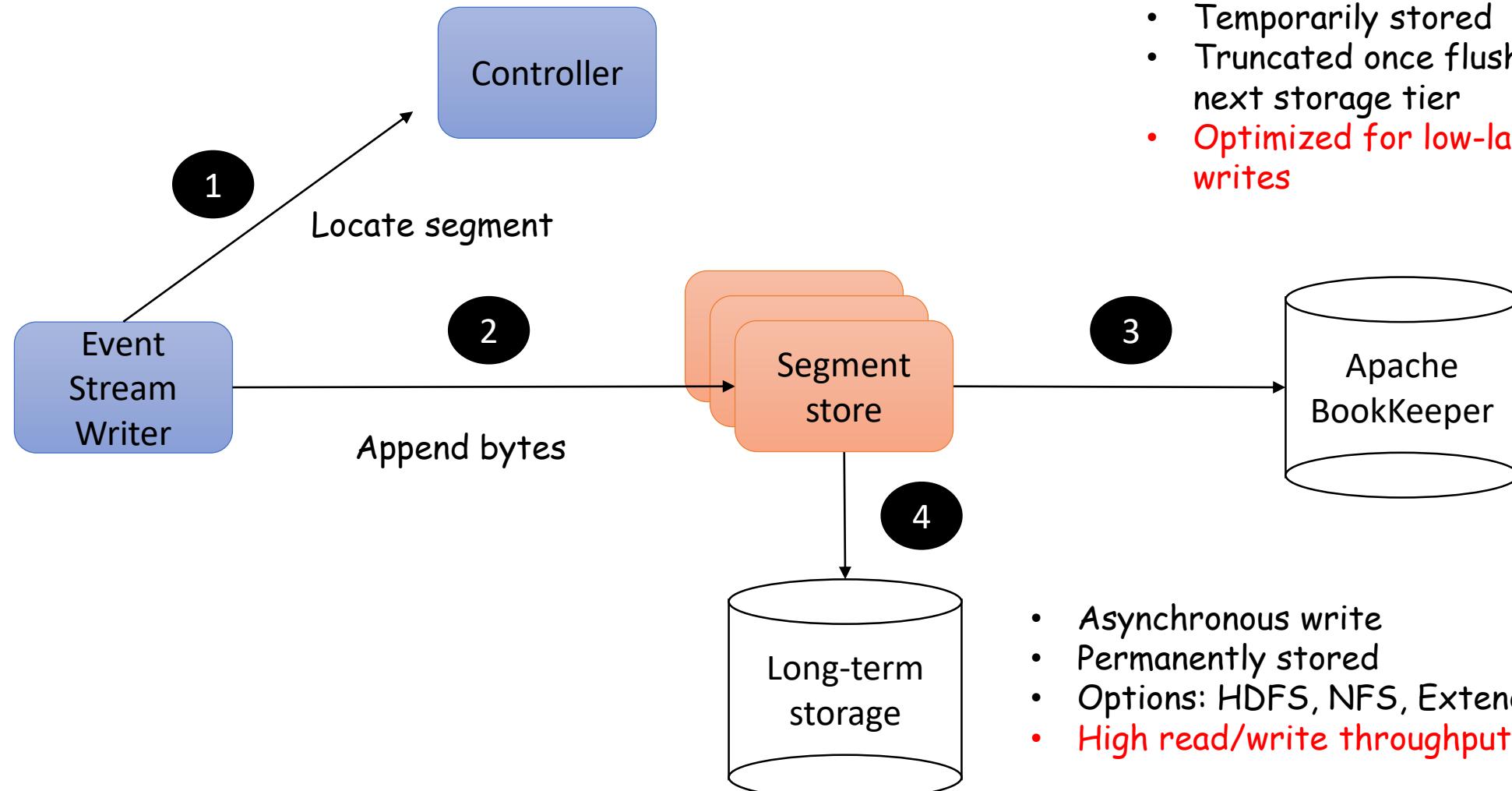
Controller

- Stream lifecycle
- Transactions

Segment store

- Segment lifecycle
- Stores segment data

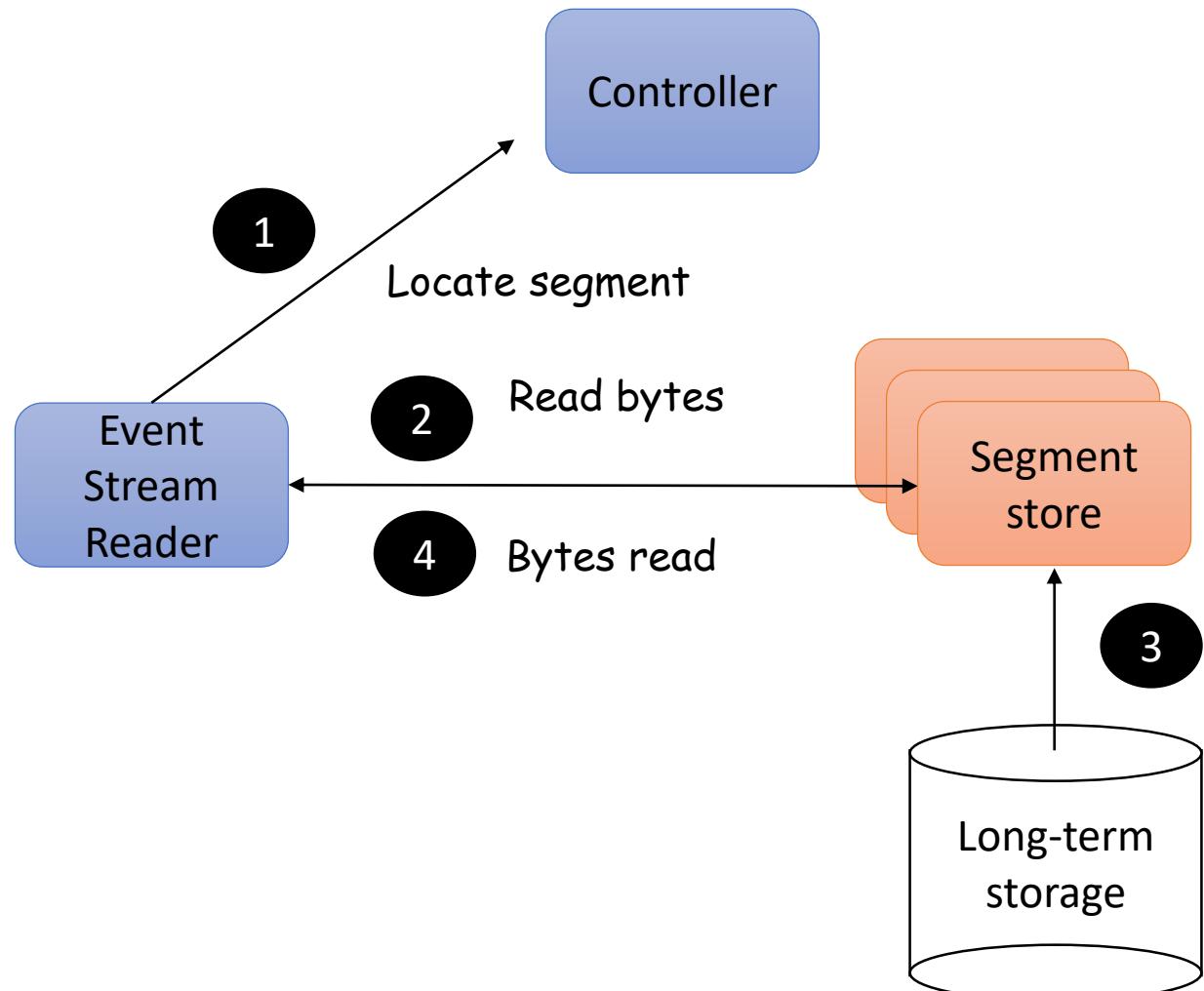
The write path



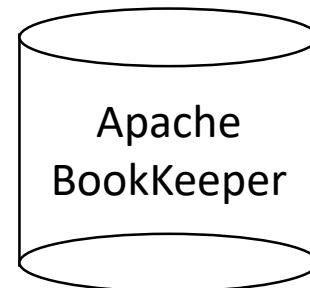
- Synchronous write
- Temporarily stored
- Truncated once flushed to next storage tier
- Optimized for low-latency writes

- Asynchronous write
- Permanently stored
- Options: HDFS, NFS, Extended S3
- High read/write throughput

The read path



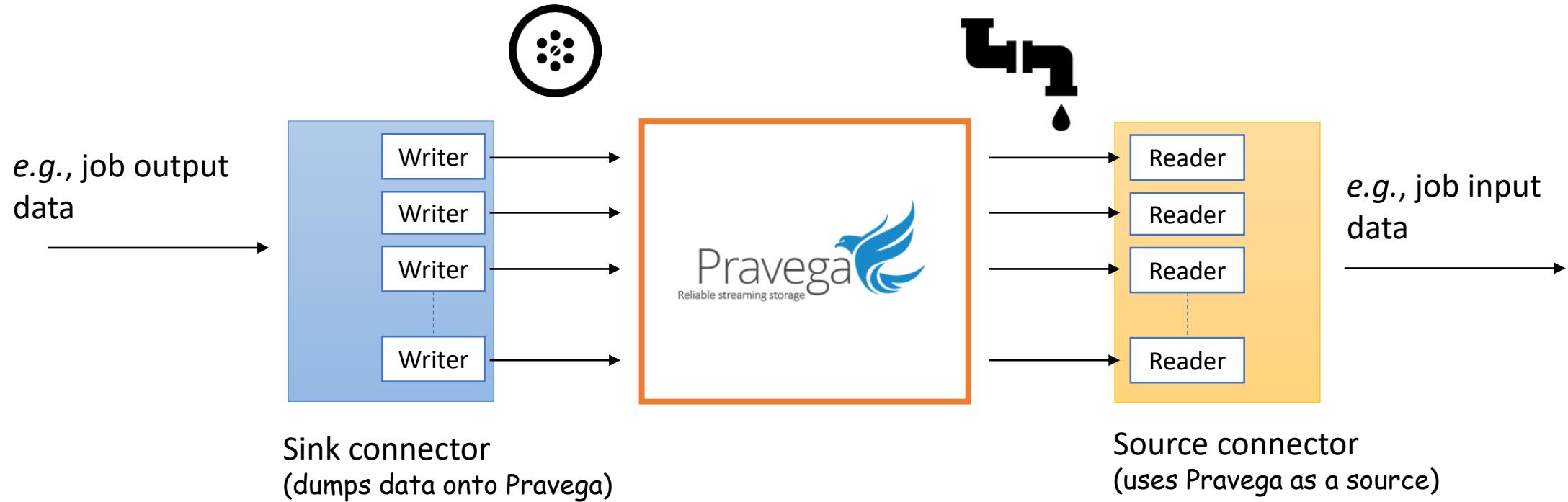
- Used for recovery alone
- Not used to serve reads



- Bytes read from memory
- If not present, pull data from Tier 2

Connecting to Stream Processors

Connectors



<https://github.com/pravega/flink-connectors>

Existing connectors

- Apache Flink
- Apache Hadoop
- Logstash plugins
- Alpakka connector
- More to come...

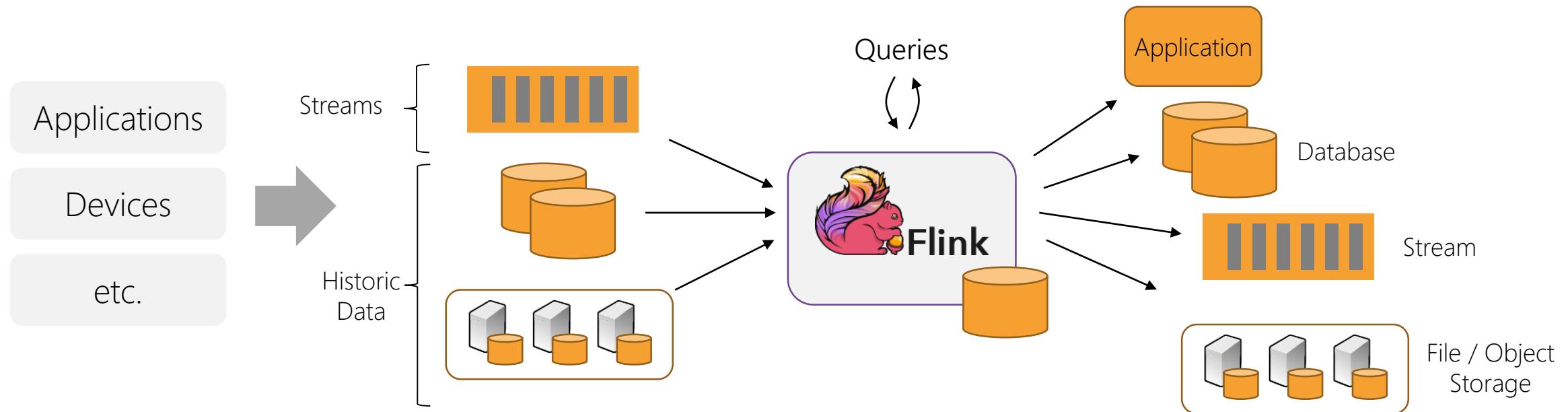
Existing connectors

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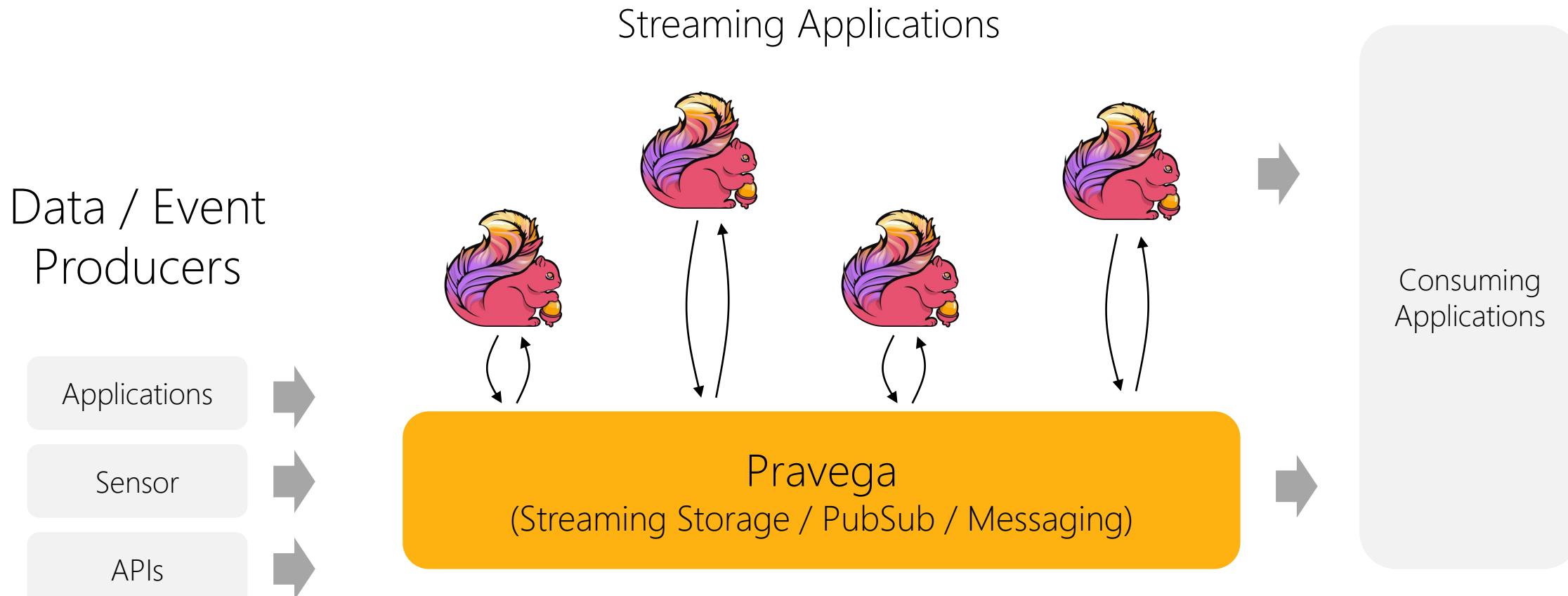
Apache Flink in a nutshell

Stateful computations over streams

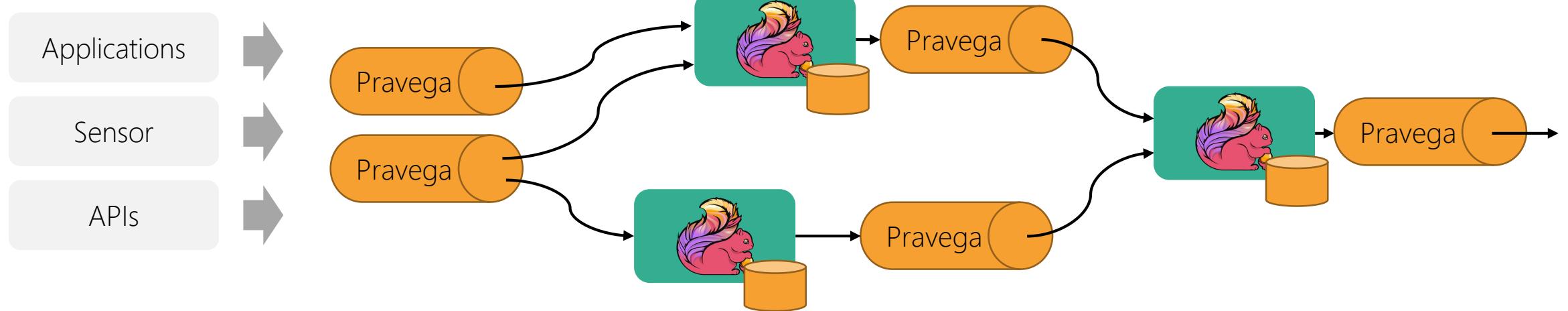
real-time and historic
 scalable, fault tolerant, fast, in-memory,
 event time, large state, exactly-once

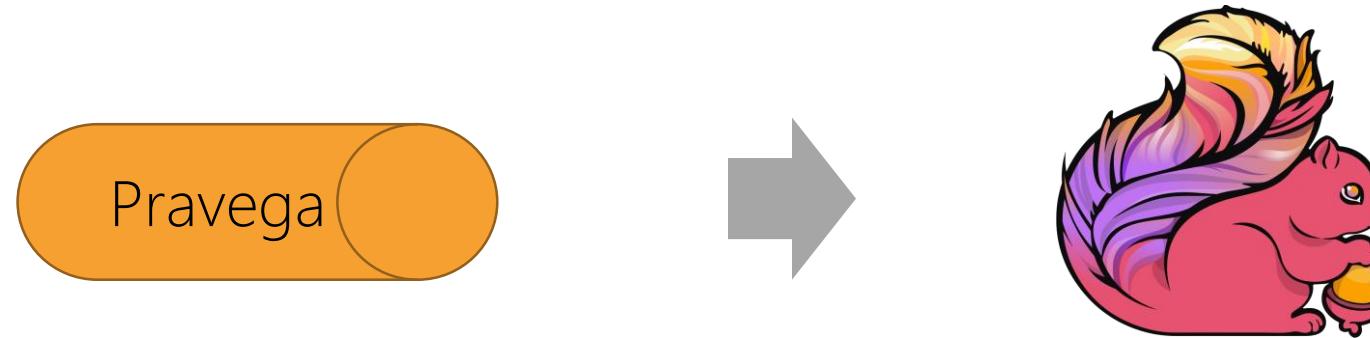


Compute with Apache Flink



Streaming Pipelines

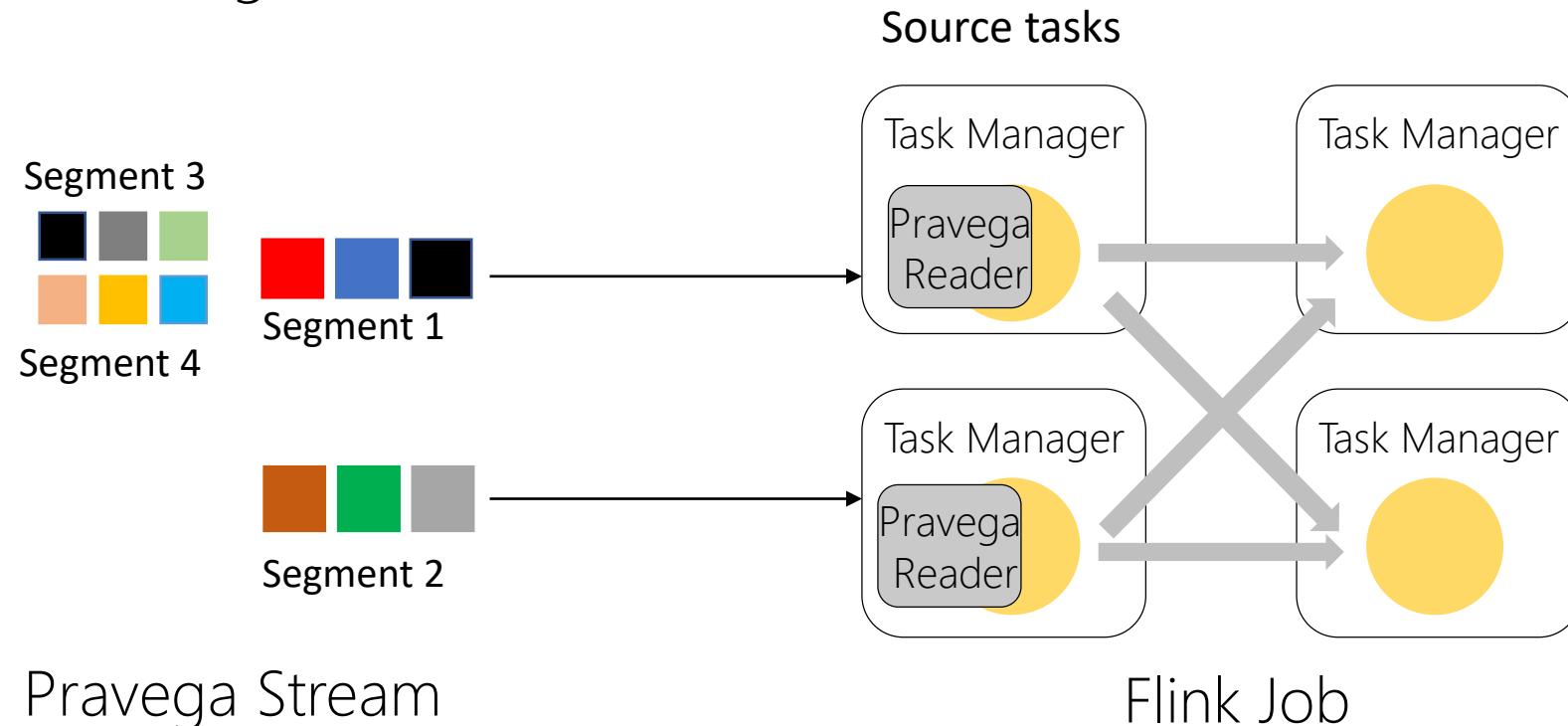




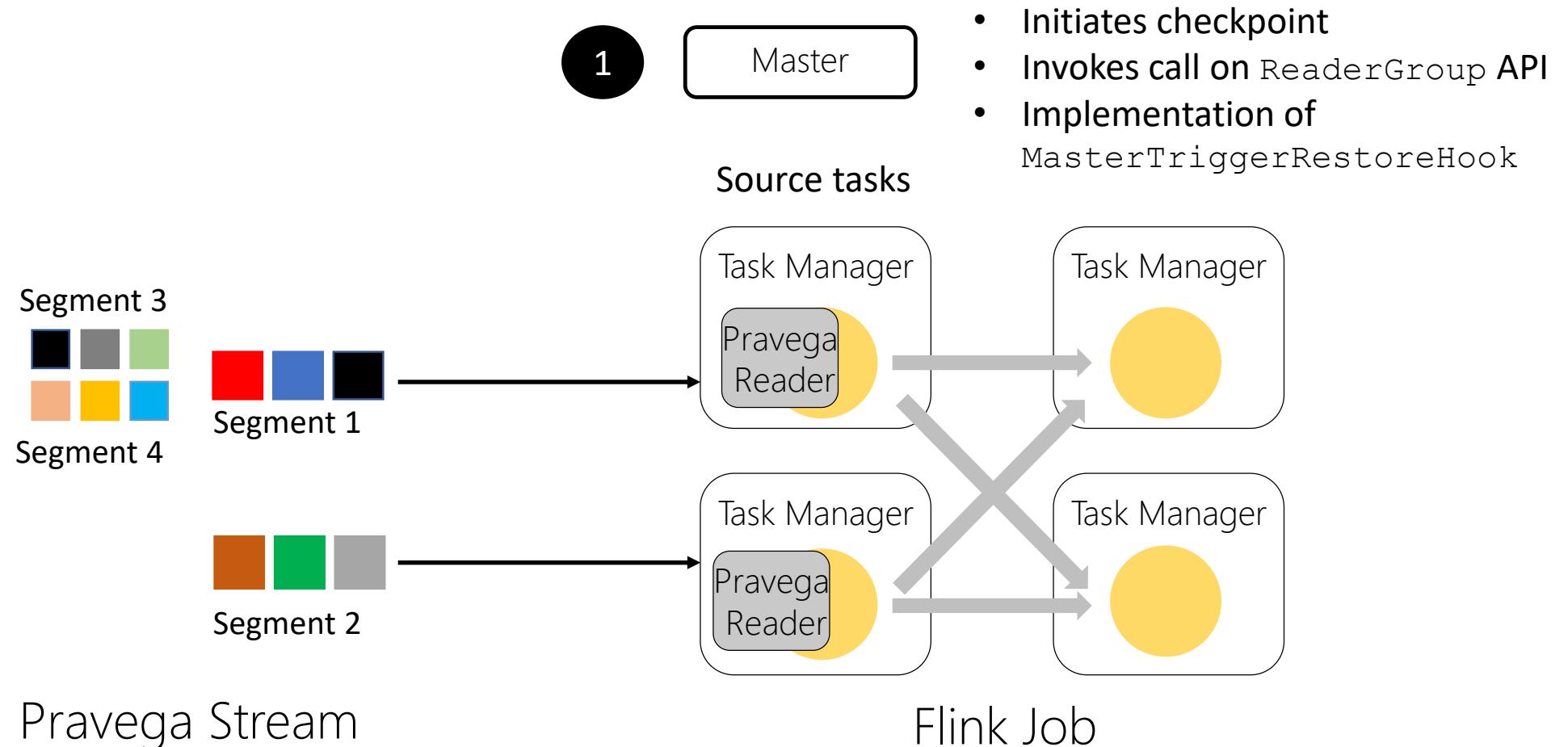
Flink reading from Pravega

Reading via Reader Group

- Reader group automatically assigns and re-balances segments
 - Hides complexity from app
 - Stream scaling

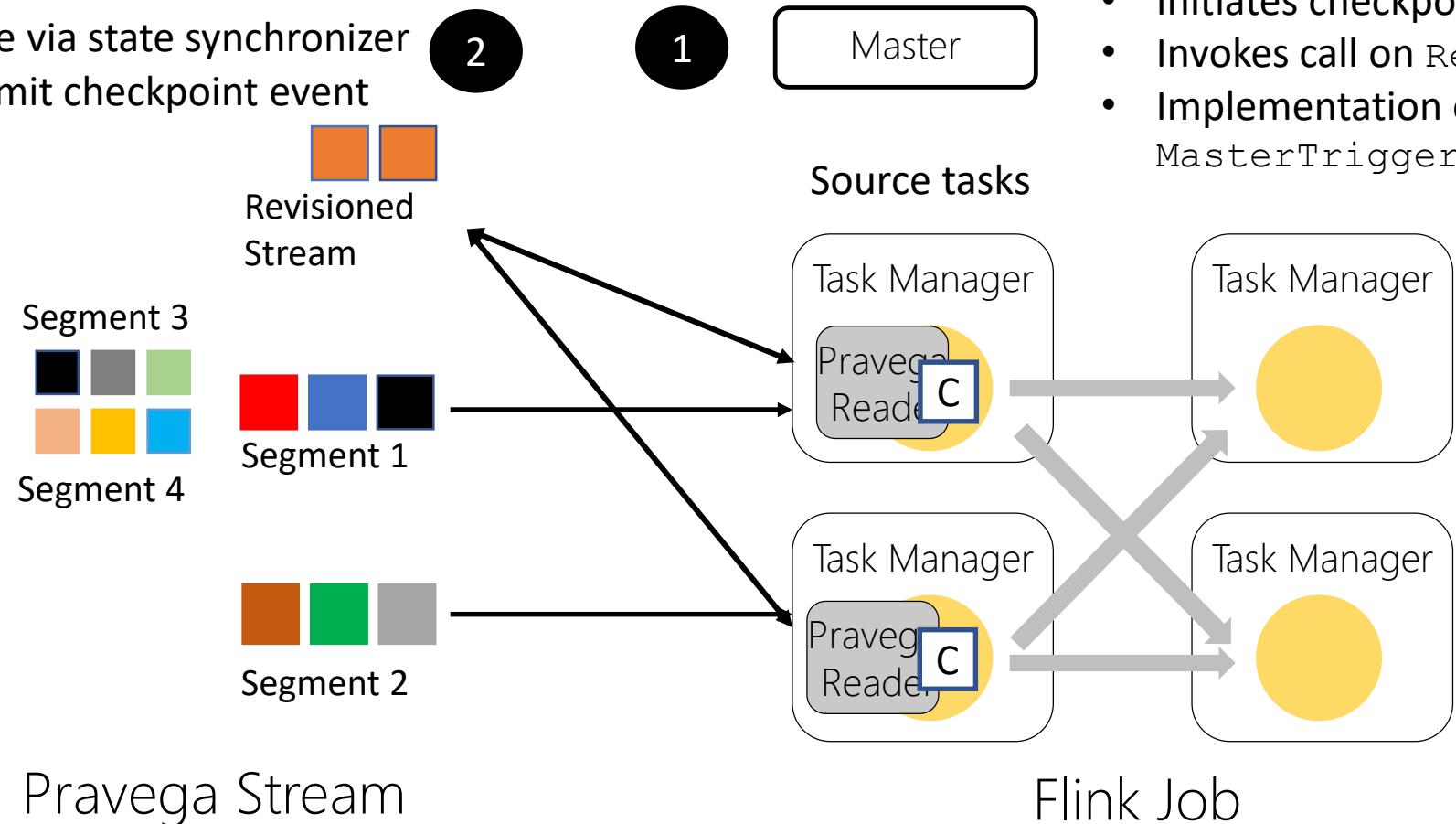


Upon a Flink checkpoint



Upon a Flink checkpoint

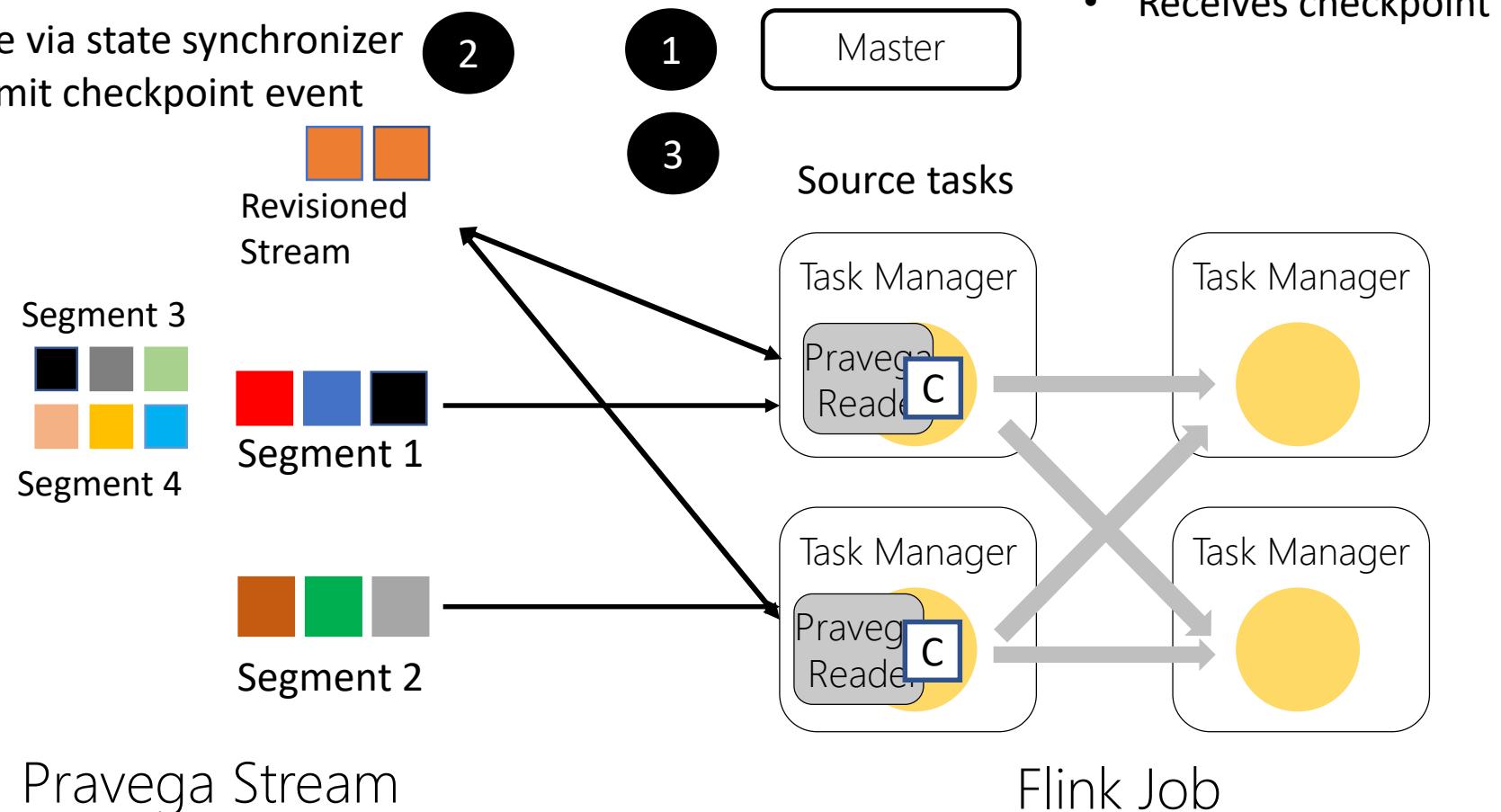
- Coordinate via state synchronizer
- Readers emit checkpoint event



- Initiates checkpoint
- Invokes call on `ReaderGroup API`
- Implementation of `MasterTriggerRestoreHook`

Upon a Flink checkpoint

- Coordinate via state synchronizer
- Readers emit checkpoint event



Creating a Pravega source

```
// create the Pravega source to read a stream of text
FlinkPravegaReader<String> source = FlinkPravegaReader.<String>builder()
    .withPravegaConfig(pravegaConfig)
    .forStream(stream)
    .withDeserializationSchema(PravegaSerialization.serializationFor(String.class))
    .build();
```

<https://github.com/pravega/pravega-samples>

Creating a Pravega source (... and using it)

```
// create the Pravega source to read a stream of text
FlinkPravegaReader<String> source = FlinkPravegaReader.<String>builder()
    .withPravegaConfig(pravegaConfig)
    .forStream(stream)
    .withDeserializationSchema(PravegaSerialization.serializationFor(String.class))
    .build();

// count each word over a 10 second time period
DataStream<WordCount> dataStream = env.addSource(source) name("Pravega Stream")
    .flatMap(new WordCountReader.Splitter())
    .keyBy("word")
    .timeWindow(Time.seconds(10))
    .sum("count");
```

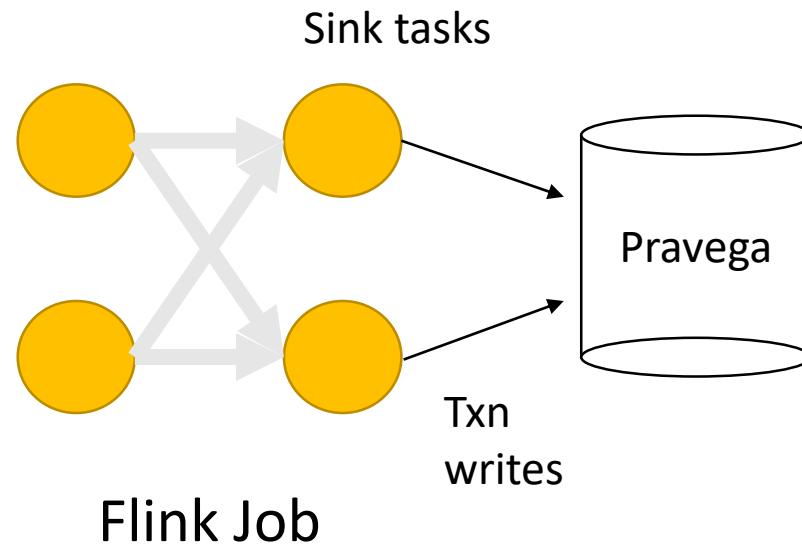


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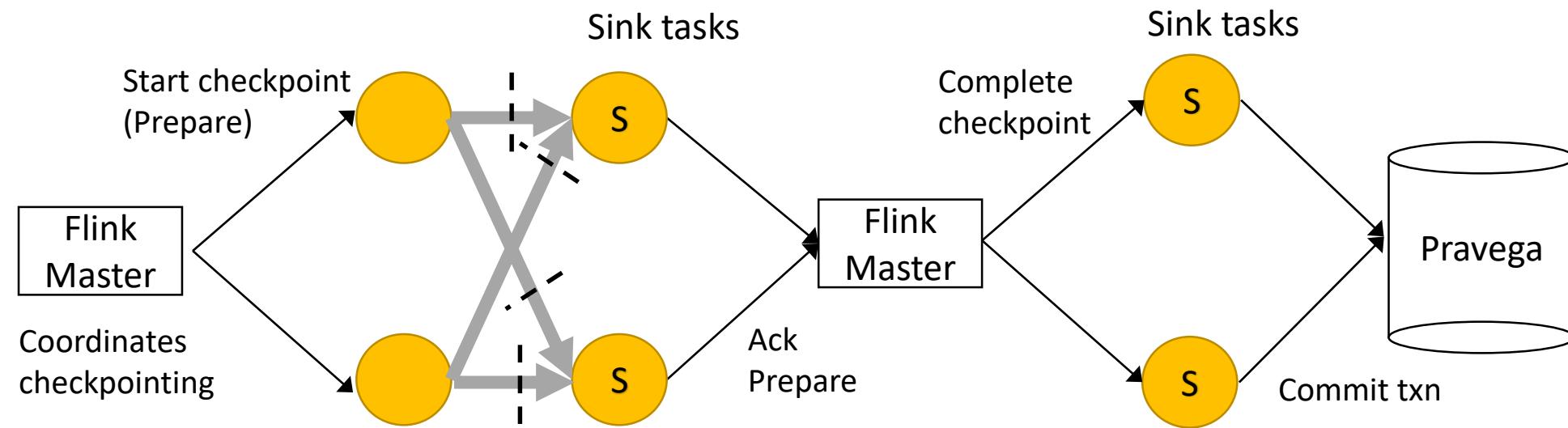
Flink writing to Pravega

Exactly-once with Transactions



- Transactional writes for job output
- Executes a 2PC to commit results
- Option to not use transactions
 - At-least-once semantics

Exactly-once with Transactions



2-Phase commit protocol

Creating a Pravega sink

```
// create the Pravega sink to write a stream of text
FlinkPravegaWriter<String> writer = FlinkPravegaWriter.<String>builder()
    .withPravegaConfig(pravegaConfig)
    .forStream(stream)
    .withEventRouter(new EventRouter())
    .withWriterMode(PravegaWriterMode.EXACTLY_ONCE)
    .withSerializationSchema(PravegaSerialization.serializationFor(String.class))
    .build();
dataStream.addSink(writer) name("Pravega Stream");
```



<https://github.com/pravega/pravega-samples>

Pravega on Kubernetes

Kubernetes operators

- Operator
 - Custom controller for managing the lifecycle of an application
- Automation
 - Deployment
 - Configuration
 - Scaling
 - Upgrades
 - Monitoring
 - *etc.*

Kubernetes operators

- Pravega Operator
- BookKeeper Operator
- ZooKeeper Operator

<https://github.com/pravega/pravega-operator>

<https://github.com/pravega/bookkeeper-operator>

<https://github.com/pravega/zookeeper-operator>

Wrap up

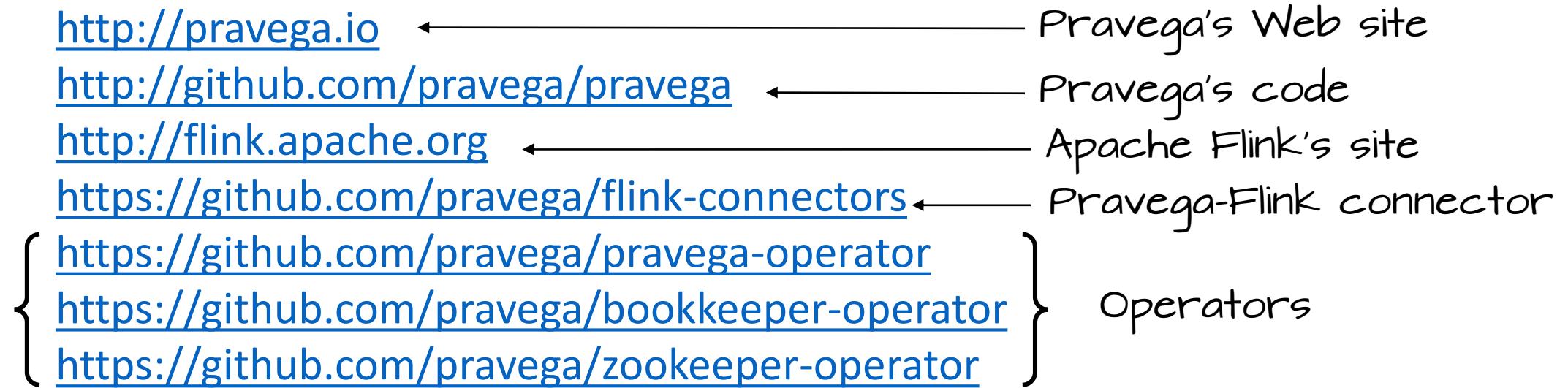
Conclusion

- Multitude of sources continuously generating data
- Pravega: storage for data streams
 - Unbounded
 - Elastic
 - Consistent
- Connects to streams processors
 - *E.g.*, Apache Flink
 - Exactly-once end to end
- Open source
 - Apache License v2
 - Hosted on github
 - Looking for a home for incubation

Getting started

- Check the web site:
<http://pravega.io>
- Check the organization and repository:
<https://github.com/pravega/pravega>
- Run Pravega standalone
`./gradlew :standalone:startStandalone`
- Try some samples
<https://github.com/pravega/pravega-samples>
- Try on Kubernetes
<https://github.com/pravega/pravega-operator>
- Feel free to provide feedback and contribute

Questions?



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Twitter: @fpjunqueira